COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2012



COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY

COMPTON, CALIFORNIA

JUNE 30, 2012

The Compton Unified School District was established on July 1, 1970, and is comprised of an area of approximately 30 square miles located in Los Angeles County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District is operating 22 elementary schools, 8 middle schools, 3 high schools, one adult school, and four alternative schools.

GOVERNING BOARD

	00 12111 (11 (0 2 0 11 11 2	
Member	Office	Term Expires
Margie Garrett	President	2013
Emma Sharif	Vice President	2013
Micah Ali	Clerk	2013
Skyy D. Fisher	Legislative Representative	2013
Mae Thomas	Member	2013
Satra D. Zurita	Member	2013
Marjorie Shipp	Member	2013

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Karen Frison*

Acting Superintendent

Dr. Abimbola Ajala Associate Superintendent, Elementary Schools

Jamajia Bond Associate Superintendent, Secondary Schools

Deborah Willard**
Associate Superintendent, Business and Administrative Services

Alejandro Flores**
Associate Superintendent, Human Resources

Dr. Ramon Zavala Interim Assistant Superintendent – Accountability, Instruction and EL

^{*} Subsequent to June 30, 2012, Karen Frison was replaced by Darin Brawley, Superintendent

^{**} Subsequent to June 30, 2012, Deborah Willard and Alejandro Flores have left the District

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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Governing Board

Compton, California

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Licensed by the California
State Board of Accountancy

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Compton Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Compton Unified School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Compton Unified School District, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2012 on our consideration of Compton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 10, the budgetary comparison information on page 52, and the schedule of funding progress on page 53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Compton Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, which is required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

San Diego, California December 10, 2012

Christy White Associates

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

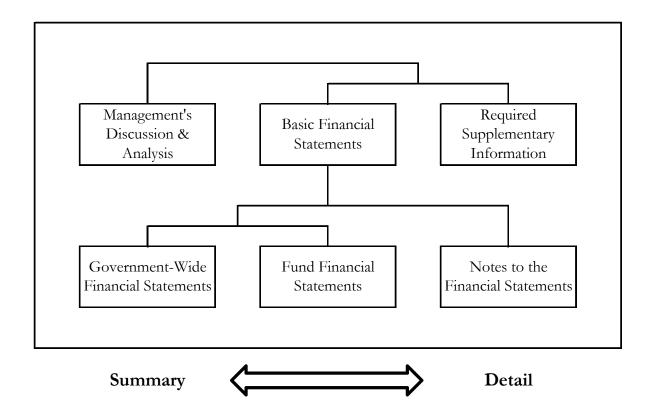
Our discussion and analysis of Compton Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net assets were \$244,162,364 at June 30, 2012. This was a decrease of \$19,001,000 from prior year's restated net assets of \$263,163,364.
- Overall revenues were \$256,072,605 which were exceeded by expenses of \$275,073,605.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financials Section



This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - ▶ Governmental Funds provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
 - **Proprietary Funds** report services for which the District charges customers a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.
 - **Fiduciary Funds** report balances for which the District is a custodian or *trustee* of the funds, such as Associated Student Bodies and pension funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Revenue limit funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Assets

The District's net assets were \$244,162,364 at June 30, 2012, as reflected below. Of this amount, \$20,949,763 was unrestricted. Restricted net assets are reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use those net assets for day-to-day operations.

	Gov	Governmental Activities				
	2012	2012 2011				
ASSETS						
Current and other assets	\$120,472,678	\$133,457,203	\$ (12,984,525)			
Capital assets	301,258,216	307,697,012	(6,438,796)			
Total Assets	421,730,894	441,154,215	(19,423,321)			
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities	42,673,875	55,134,855	12,460,980			
Long-term liabilities	134,894,655	126,035,947	(8,858,708)			
Total Liabilities	177,568,530	181,170,802	3,602,272			
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	206,409,274	203,719,368	2,689,906			
Restricted	16,803,327	19,196,939	(2,393,612)			
Unrestricted	20,949,763	37,067,106	(16,117,343)			
Total Net Assets	\$244,162,364	\$259,983,413	\$ (15,821,049)			

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Assets

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The following table takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly, so you can see our total revenues, expenses, and special items for the year.

	Governmental Activities				
	2012	2011	Net Change		
REVENUES					
Program revenues					
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 84,835,239	\$ 88,798,646	\$ (3,963,407)		
General revenues					
Property taxes	22,887,710	21,869,984	1,017,726		
Unrestricted federal and state aid	146,202,334	148,131,919	(1,929,585)		
Other	2,147,322	1,234,299	913,023		
Total Revenues	256,072,605	260,034,848	(3,962,243)		
EXPENSES					
Instruction	152,445,180	161,843,522	(9,398,342)		
Instruction-related services	25,397,934	25,577,597	(179,663)		
Pupil services	29,482,919	28,634,848	848,071		
General administration	18,099,158	22,742,928	(4,643,770)		
Plant services	28,756,421	22,197,766	6,558,655		
Ancillary and community services	961,070	644,097	316,973		
Debt service	5,517,241	17,428,137	(11,910,896)		
Other Outgo	6,121,087	11,383,663	(5,262,576)		
Depreciation	8,292,595	8,145,243	147,352		
Total Expenses	275,073,605	298,597,801	(23,524,196)		
Change in net assets	(19,001,000)	(38,562,953)	19,561,953		
Net Assets - Beginning	259,983,413	298,546,366	(38,562,953)		
Prior Period Adjustment	3,179,951	_	3,179,951		
Net Assets - Ending	\$244,162,364	\$259,983,413	\$ (15,821,049)		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Assets (continued)

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$275,073,605. The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was only \$22,887,710 because the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

	Total	l cost of services	Net	ost of services
Instruction	\$	152,445,180	\$	101,244,249
Instruction-related services		25,397,934		19,065,854
Pupil services		29,482,919		8,998,426
General administration		18,099,158		15,434,205
Plant services		28,756,421		27,549,433
Ancillary and community services		961,070		953,974
Debt service		5,517,241		5,517,241
Transfers to other agencies		6,121,087		3,182,389
Depreciation		8,292,595		8,292,595
Total Expenses	\$	275,073,605	\$	190,238,366

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$60,441,754, which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$71,324,427. The District's General Fund had \$8,687,528 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2012.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2011-12

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a monthly basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of 2011-12 the District had invested \$301,258,216 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities					
	2012	2012 2011				
CAPITAL ASSETS						
Land	\$ 6,693,026	\$ 6,693,026	\$ -			
Construction in progress	12,831,740	15,263,201	(2,431,461)			
Land improvements	7,046,941	7,046,941	-			
Buildings & improvements	372,442,897	368,549,097	3,893,800			
Furniture & equipment	20,698,419	20,306,959	391,460			
Accumulated depreciation	(118,454,807)	(110,162,212)	(8,292,595)			
Total Capital Assets	\$301,258,216	\$307,697,012	\$ (6,438,796)			

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (continued)

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$126,723,217 in long-term debt, a decrease of 5% from last year – as shown below. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.)

	Governmental Activities				
	2012	2011	Net Change		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES			_		
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 83,388,695	\$ 86,332,486	\$ (2,943,791)		
Total certificates of participation	28,625,000	30,020,000	(1,395,000)		
Capital leases	2,171,895	5,837,536	(3,665,641)		
Compensated absences	2,420,961	2,507,665	(86,704)		
Other general long-term debt	22,600	31,043	(8,443)		
Net OPEB obligation	10,094,066	8,080,219	2,013,847		
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$126,723,217	\$132,808,949	\$ (6,085,732)		

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

- At the state level, the budget situation continues to reflect challenging economic times. A major key to higher funding for education is the recovery of the economy. There were two tax initiatives on the November 2012 ballot the Governor's Proposition 30 and a rival tax initiative, Proposition 38. Since the Governor's proposal was approved by voters in November 2012, K-12 spending will remain flat at roughly the 2011-12 level. State categorical program flexibility continues for the 2011-12 and 2012-13 fiscal years with no anticipated changes. School districts are currently authorized to use funding from Tier III categorical programs for any purpose. K-3 class size reduction penalties have been relaxed through 2013-14 and school agencies maintain the flexibility to shorten the school year until 2014-15.
- Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2012-13 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Compton Unified School District, 501 South Santa Fe Avenue, Compton, CA 90221.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	49,720,716	
Accounts receivable		68,915,358	
Inventory		440,900	
Prepaid expenses		38,000	
Deferred charges		1,357,704	
Capital assets, not depreciated		19,524,766	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		281,733,450	
Total Assets		421,730,894	
LIABILITIES			
Accrued liabilities		33,855,667	
Deferred revenue		586,844	
Long-term liabilities, current portion		8,231,364	
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion		118,491,853	
Claims liabilities		16,402,802	
Total Liabilities	•	177,568,530	
NET ASSETS	•		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		206,409,274	
Restricted for			
Capital projects		3,518,581	
Debt service		2,183,276	
Educational programs		11,101,470	
Unrestricted		20,949,763	
Total Net Assets	\$	244,162,364	

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

			I	rogram Revenues		Revenues and Changes in Net Assets
Function/Programs	Expenses			Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		-			-	
Instruction	\$	152,445,180	\$	51,200,931	\$	(101,244,249)
Instruction-related services						
Instructional supervision and administration		10,218,639		3,451,293		(6,767,346)
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,681,906		328,262		(1,353,644)
School site administration		13,497,389		2,552,525		(10,944,864)
Pupil services						
Home-to-school transportation		4,808,855		2,903,973		(1,904,882)
Food services		12,141,353		12,128,484		(12,869)
All other pupil services		12,532,711		5,452,036		(7,080,675)
General administration						
Centralized data processing		1,954,760		-		(1,954,760)
All other general administration		16,144,398		2,664,953		(13,479,445)
Plant services		28,756,421		1,206,988		(27,549,433)
Ancillary services		961,070		7,096		(953,974)
Interest on long-term debt		5,517,241		-		(5,517,241)
Other outgo		6,121,087		2,938,698		(3,182,389)
Depreciation (unallocated)		8,292,595		-		(8,292,595)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	275,073,605	\$	84,835,239		(190,238,366)
	General rev	enues				
	Taxes and	subventions				
	Property	taxes, levied for §	general	purposes		15,713,421
	Property	taxes, levied for o	debt ser	vice		6,018,336
	Property	taxes, levied for o	other sp	ecific purposes		1,155,953
	Federal a	nnd state aid not r	estricte	d for specific purposes		146,202,334
	Interest ar	nd investment ear	nings			543,684
	Miscellane	eous				1,603,638
	Subtotal, G	eneral Revenue				171,237,366
	CHANGE I	N NET ASSETS				(19,001,000)
	Net Assets -	- Beginning				259,983,413
	Prior Perio	l Adjustment				3,179,951
	Net Assets -	- Ending			\$	244,162,364

Net (Expenses)

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2012

				Non-Major Governmental		Total overnmental
	Ge	eneral Fund	Funds		G	Funds
ASSETS		JICIUI I UIIU		- unus		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,057,780	\$	9,342,639	\$	32,400,419
Accounts receivable		65,794,687		3,074,144		68,868,831
Stores inventory		363,288		77,612		440,900
Prepaid expenditures		38,000		-		38,000
Total Assets	\$	89,253,755	\$	12,494,395	\$	101,748,150
LIABILITIES						
Accrued liabilities	\$	30,357,458	\$	2,762,094	\$	33,119,552
Due to other funds		6,000,000		1,600,000		7,600,000
Deferred revenue		586,833		11		586,844
Total Liabilities		36,944,291		4,362,105		41,306,396
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		1,390,179		77,612		1,467,791
Restricted		10,318,360		6,594,959		16,913,319
Committed		-		1,459,719		1,459,719
Assigned		32,760,173		-		32,760,173
Unassigned		7,840,752		-		7,840,752
Total Fund Balances		52,309,464		8,132,290		60,441,754
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	89,253,755	\$	12,494,395	\$	101,748,150

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2012

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	60,441,754
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:			
Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net assets, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation: Capital assets	\$ 419,713,023		
Accumulated depreciation	 (118,454,807)		301,258,216
Unamortized costs: In governmental funds, debt issue costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the governmental-wide statements, debt issue costs are amortized over the life of the debt. Unamortized debt issue costs included in net long-term debt on the statement of net assets are:			1,357,704
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:			(229,139)
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net assets, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:			
Total general obligation bonds Total certificates of participation Capital leases Compensated absences Other general long-term debt Net OPEB obligation	\$ 83,388,695 28,625,000 2,171,895 2,420,961 22,600 10,094,066	•	(126,723,217)
Internal service funds: Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets and liabilities of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Net assets for internal service funds are:			8,057,046
internal service lunus are.			0,037,040
Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities		\$	244,162,364

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	C	an and Earl	Non-Major Governmental Funds	C	Total Governmental
REVENUES		eneral Fund	runas		Funds
Revenue limit sources					
State aid	\$	111,422,543	\$ -	\$	111,422,543
Local sources	4	15,713,421	<u>-</u>	Ψ	15,713,421
Transfers		(561,160)	_		(561,160)
Federal sources		35,118,758	11,528,339		46,647,097
Other state sources		70,047,119	3,711,615		73,758,734
Other local sources		2,702,015	6,389,955		9,091,970
Total Revenues		234,442,696	21,629,909		256,072,605
EXPENDITURES			,		
Current					
Instruction		143,526,956	2,517,640		146,044,596
Instruction-related services		-,,	,- ,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Instructional supervision and administration		9,958,175	260,464		10,218,639
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,681,906	-		1,681,906
School site administration		13,250,675	246,714		13,497,389
Pupil services		, ,	,		, ,
Home-to-school transportation		4,808,855	-		4,808,855
Food services		1,078,200	11,063,153		12,141,353
All other pupil services		12,443,555	89,156		12,532,711
General administration					
Centralized data processing		2,016,073	-		2,016,073
All other general administration		15,672,998	558,104		16,231,102
Plant services		28,188,106	785,235		28,973,341
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		58,088	1,404,252		1,462,340
Ancillary services		961,070	-		961,070
Transfers to other agencies		6,500,672	-		6,500,672
Debt service					
Principal		1,395,000	5,924,133		7,319,133
Interest and other		1,589,895	976,203		2,566,098
Total Expenditures		243,130,224	23,825,054		266,955,278
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures		(8,687,528)	(2,195,145)	(10,882,673)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In		-	2,667,825		2,667,825
Transfers Out		(2,667,825)	-		(2,667,825)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,667,825)	2,667,825		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	_	(11,355,353)	472,680		(10,882,673)
Fund Balance - Beginning		63,664,817	7,659,610		71,324,427
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	52,309,464	\$ 8,132,290	\$	60,441,754

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ (10,882,673)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay: \$ 1,853,799

Depreciation expense: \$ (8,292,595) (6,438,796)

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

7,319,133

Debt issue costs:

In governmental funds, debt issue costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, issue costs are amortized over the life of the debt. The difference between debt issue costs recognized in the current period and issue costs amortized for the period is:

(100,743)

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

15,394

Accreted interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(2,966,537)

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued

Compensated absences:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

86,704

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB costs and actual employer contributions was:

(2,013,847)

Amortization of debt issue premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

480,328

Internal Service Funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:

(4,499,963)

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$ (19,001,000)

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

		Governmental Activities		
	Intern	Internal Service Fund		
ASSETS	•			
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,320,297		
Accounts receivable		46,527		
Due from other funds		7,600,000		
Total current assets		24,966,824		
Total Assets		24,966,824		
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accrued liabilities		506,976		
Total current liabilities		506,976		
Non-current liabilities		16,402,802		
Total Liabilities	<u> </u>	16,909,778		
NET ASSETS				
Unrestricted		8,057,046		
Total Net Assets	\$	8,057,046		

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities		
	Internal Service Fund		
OPERATING REVENUE			
Charges to other funds	\$	4,396,121	
Total operating revenues		4,396,121	
OPERATING EXPENSE			
Professional services		9,125,539	
Total operating expenses		9,125,539	
Operating income/(loss)		(4,729,418)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)			
Interest income		229,455	
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)		229,455	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(4,499,963)	
Net Assets - Beginning		12,557,009	
Net Assets - Ending	\$	8,057,046	

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received (paid) from assessments made to		
(from) other funds	\$	(3,142,178)
Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs		(5,957,410)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(9,099,588)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest received		229,455
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		229,455
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	_	(8,870,133)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Beginning of year		26,190,430
End of year	\$	17,320,297
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(4,729,418)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		61,701
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(7,600,000)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		236,380
Increase (decrease) in claims liabilities		2,931,749
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(9,099,588)

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	Trust Funds Private-Purpose		Agency Funds				
			Warrant/Pass-		Student Body		
	Tr	Trust Fund		through Fund		Fund	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	82,423	\$	-	\$	35,882	
Accounts receivable		159		706		-	
Prepaid expenses		-		987,516		-	
Other assets		-		-		14,476	
Total Assets		82,582	\$	988,222	\$	50,358	
LIABILITIES							
Cash overdrafts		-	\$	988,222	\$	-	
Due to student groups		-		-		50,358	
Total Liabilities			\$	988,222	\$	50,358	
NET ASSETS							
Unrestricted		82,582					
Total Net Assets	\$	82,582					

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Tru	Trust Funds		
	Private-Purpose			
	Trust Fund			
ADDITIONS				
Investment earnings	\$	772		
Total Additions		772		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		772		
Net Assets - Beginning		81,810		
Net Assets - Ending	\$	82,582		

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Compton Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its proprietary and fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund. The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Adult Education Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues for adult education programs. Money in this fund shall be expended for adult education purposes only. Moneys received for programs other than adult education shall not be expended for adult education (*Education Code Sections* 52616[b] and 52501.5[a]).

Child Development Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (Education Code Section 8200 et seq.) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services shall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section* 8328).

Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

Deferred Maintenance Fund: This fund is used to account separately for state apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code Sections* 17582–17587). In addition, whenever the state funds provided pursuant to *Education Code Sections* 17584 and 17585 (apportionments from the State Allocation Board) are insufficient to fully match the local funds deposited in this fund, the governing board of a school district may transfer the excess local funds deposited in this fund to any other expenditure classifications in other funds of the District (*Education Code Sections* 17582 and 17583).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

State School Building Lease-Purchase Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for state apportionments for the reconstruction, remodeling, or replacing of existing school buildings or the acquisition of new school sites and buildings, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene State School Building Lease-Purchase Law of 1976 (*Education Code* Section 17000 et seq.).

County School Facilities Fund: This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code Section* 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code Section* 17070 et seq.).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Debt Service Funds: Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

Tax Override Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of voted indebtedness (other than Bond Interest and Redemption Fund repayments) to be financed from ad valorem tax levies. An example is a public school building loan repayment.

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds: Internal service funds are created principally to render services to other organizational units of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds are designed to be self-supporting with the intent of full recovery of costs, including some measure of the cost of capital assets, through user fees and charges.

Self-Insurance Fund: Self-insurance funds are used to separate moneys received for self-insurance activities from other operating funds of the District. Separate funds may be established for each type of self-insurance activity, such as workers' compensation, health and welfare, and deductible property loss (*Education Code Section* 17566).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds: Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

Foundation Private-Purpose Trust Fund: This fund is used to account separately for gifts or bequests per *Education Code Section* 41031 that benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments and under which neither principal nor income may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs.

Student Body Fund: The Student Body Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections* 48930–48938).

Warrant/Pass-Through Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for amounts collected from employees for federal taxes, state taxes, transfers to credit unions, and other contributions.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Financial Statements

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net assets should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net assets restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net asset use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to other funds for self insurance costs. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the costs of insurance premiums and claims related to self-insurance.

All governmental activities of the District follow the FASB and AICPA pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursements grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as deferred revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as deferred revenue.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance and Net Assets

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash held in the county treasury is recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance and Net Assets (continued)

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$15,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Vehicles

Estimated Useful Life

20-50 years 5-20 years 8 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net assets.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance and Net Assets (continued)

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and other long-term obligations are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Deferred Issuance Costs, Premiums, and Discounts

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance and Net Assets (continued)

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

						Total		
	Governmental		In	ternal Service	G	Sovernmental	Fiduciary	
		Funds		Funds		Activities	 Funds	
Cash in county	\$	31,328,747	\$	16,820,297	\$	48,149,044	\$ 82,423	
Cash on hand and in banks		1,675		-		1,675	35,882	
Cash with fiscal agent		919,997		500,000		1,419,997	-	
Cash in revolving fund		150,000		-		150,000	 -	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	32,400,419	\$	17,320,297	\$	49,720,716	\$ 118,305	

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Los Angeles County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$48,379,305 and an amortized book value of \$48,231,467. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 617 days.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2012, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were rated at least A by Moody's Investor Service.

F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2012, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

				Non-Major				Total		
			Governmental		Int	ernal Service	G	overnmental		
	G	eneral Fund		Funds		Funds		Activities	Total l	Fiduciary
Federal Government									'	
Categorical aid	\$	13,294,855	\$	1,867,223	\$	-	\$	15,162,078	\$	-
State Government										
Apportionment		43,416,077		-		-		43,416,077		-
Categorical aid		7,125,673		1,163,586		-		8,289,259		-
Lottery		1,934,933		-		-		1,934,933		-
Local Government										
Other Local Sources		23,149		43,335		46,527		113,011		865
Total	\$	65,794,687	\$	3,074,144	\$	46,527	\$	68,915,358	\$	865

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

		Balance			Balance	
	J1	uly 01, 2011	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2012	
Governmental Activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$	6,693,026	\$ - \$	-	\$ 6,693,026	
Construction in progress		15,263,201	-	2,431,461	12,831,740	
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		21,956,227	=	2,431,461	19,524,766	
Capital assets being depreciated						
Land improvements		7,046,941	-	-	7,046,941	
Buildings & improvements		368,549,097	3,893,800	-	372,442,897	
Furniture & equipment		20,306,959	391,460	-	20,698,419	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		395,902,997	4,285,260	=	400,188,257	
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Land improvements		4,595,295	199,980	-	4,795,275	
Buildings & improvements		86,358,923	7,816,858	-	94,175,781	
Furniture & equipment		19,207,994	275,757	-	19,483,751	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		110,162,212	8,292,595	-	118,454,807	
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets, net	\$	307,697,012	\$ (4,007,335) \$	2,431,461	\$ 301,258,216	

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2012 consisted of \$6,000,000 due from the General Fund to the Self-Insurance Fund for a temporary cash borrowing, and \$1,600,000 due from the Child Development Fund to the Self-Insurance Fund for a temporary cash borrowing.

B. Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012 consisted of \$1,867,825 transferred from the General Fund to the Deferred Maintenance Fund to transfer Tier III flexibility dollars to cover operational expenditures, and \$800,000 transferred from the General Fund to the Adult Education Fund to transfer Tier III flexibility dollars to assist with operational costs.

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

				Non-Major					Total
			Governmental			ternal Service		(Governmental
	G	eneral Fund		Funds		Funds	District-Wide		Activities
Payroll	\$	20,275,357	\$	1,312,237	\$	-	\$ -	\$	21,587,594
Vendors payable		10,078,424		1,449,857		506,976	-		12,035,257
Unmatured interest		-		-		-	229,139		229,139
Other liabilities		3,677		-		-	-		3,677
Total	\$	30,357,458	\$	2,762,094	\$	506,976	\$ 229,139	\$	33,855,667

NOTE 7 – DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue at June 30, 2012, consisted of the following:

			Non-Major		Total			
			Governmental			Governmental		
	General Fund			Funds	Activities			
Federal sources	\$	307,936	\$	11	\$	307,947		
State categorical sources		278,897		-		278,897		
Total	\$	586,833	\$	11	\$	586,844		

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

	J	Balance uly 01, 2011	_	Restatements See Note 14)	Additions	Deductions]	Balance June 30, 2012	Balance Due In One Year
Governmental Activities									
General obligation bonds	\$	62,183,306	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,586,704	\$	58,596,602	\$ 3,641,407
Unamortized premium		6,045,765		-	-	480,328		5,565,437	480,328
Accreted interest		18,103,415		-	2,966,537	1,843,296		19,226,656	2,143,593
Total general obligation bonds		86,332,486		-	2,966,537	5,910,328		83,388,695	6,265,328
Certificates of participation		30,020,000		-	-	1,395,000		28,625,000	1,450,000
Capital leases		5,837,536		3,179,951	-	485,690		2,171,895	507,593
Compensated absences		2,507,665		-	-	86,704		2,420,961	-
Other general long-term debt		31,043		-	-	8,443		22,600	8,443
Net OPEB obligation		8,080,219		-	2,013,847	-		10,094,066	-
Total	\$	132,808,949	\$	3,179,951	\$ 4,980,384	\$ 7,886,165	\$	126,723,217	\$ 8,231,364

A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2012 amounted to \$2,420,961. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

B. <u>Certificates of Participation</u>

On December 8, 2004, the District issued Series B Certificates of Participation amounting to \$11,045,000 payable in annual installments from October 1, 2005 through October 1, 2024. Interest rates range from 2.00 to 5.00 percent, payable beginning April 15, 2005. The agreement is between the District and the County Schools Regionalized Business Services Corporation with the Los Angeles U.S. Bank as trustee. Amounts on deposit in the Project Fund and the Costs of Delivery Fund shall be applied to pay project costs and costs of delivery. At June 30, 2012, the principal outstanding was \$8,030,000.

On June 1, 2007, the District issued Series B Certificates of Participation to \$25,000,000 payable in annual installments from June 1, 2008 through June 1, 2027. Interest rates range from 3.6 to 5.0 percent, payable beginning December 1, 2007. The agreement is between the District and the County Schools Regionalized Business Services Corporation with the Bank of New York as trustee. Amounts on deposit in the Project Fund shall be applied to finance the modernization and rehabilitation of approximately 28 different schools on sites within the boundaries of Compton Unified School District. At June 30, 2012, the principal outstanding was \$20,595,000.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

B. Certificates of Participation (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all certificates of participation outstanding at June 30, 2012 were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 1,450,000	\$ 1,341,019	\$ 2,791,019
2014	1,505,000	1,285,044	2,790,044
2015	1,565,000	1,214,494	2,779,494
2016	1,645,000	1,140,894	2,785,894
2017	1,720,000	1,063,644	2,783,644
2018 - 2022	9,910,000	4,007,616	13,917,616
2023 - 2027	 10,830,000	1,431,463	12,261,463
Total	\$ 28,625,000	\$ 11,484,174	\$ 40,109,174

C. General Obligation Bonds

In the November 2002 election, the citizens of the District approved the issuance and sale of not more than \$80,000,000 of general obligation bonds to finance the construction, improvement, equipping and furnishing of various capital facilities of the District. Under such voters' authorization, there have been two bond issuances (Series A and Series B) with terms summarized as follows:

	Series A	Series B				
Amount of original issuance	\$ 40,000,000	\$ 20,000,000				
Date of issuance	March 12, 2003	June 22, 2004				
Years of maturity	2003 - 2027	2005 - 2029				

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

C. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

In June 2006, the District issued \$19,999,970 in General Obligation Series C Bonds and \$50,789,740 in General Obligation Series D Bonds to finance the acquisition and improvement of various capital facilities of the District, advance refund on a current basis all outstanding Certificates of Participation Series B amounting to \$19,380,000, and partially refund \$34,445,000 of outstanding 2002 Series A general obligation bonds and \$14,955,000 of outstanding 2002 Series B general obligation bonds. Terms of the Series C and Series D bonds are summarized as follows:

	 Series C	Series D
Amount of original issuance	\$ 19,999,970	\$ 50,789,740
Date of issuance	June 1, 2006	June 1, 2006
Years of maturity	2006 - 2029	2006 - 2022

Debt service payments are made from property tax levy authorized by the voters.

The annual requirements to amortize these bonds and the remaining outstanding balance of 2002 Series A and B bonds are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total		
2013	\$ 3,641,407	\$	2,978,443	\$	6,619,850	
2014	4,224,533		3,799,330		8,023,863	
2015	2,724,644		4,500,356		7,225,000	
2016	4,347,396		3,237,604		7,585,000	
2017	4,276,211		3,568,789		7,845,000	
2018 - 2022	19,382,441		22,212,556		41,594,997	
2023 - 2027	5,999,970		13,740,030		19,740,000	
2028 - 2031	14,000,000		1,792,500		15,792,500	
Total	\$ 58,596,602	\$	55,829,608	\$	114,426,210	

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

D. Capital Leases

The District entered into various capital leases with options to purchase, primarily equipment and temporary facilities, with semi-annual payments in May and November of each year, with principal maturing through 2016. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Lease Payment					
2013	\$	598,862				
2014		598,862				
2015		598,862				
2016		598,862				
Total		2,395,448				
Less: Amount representing interest		(223,553)				
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	2,171,895				

E. Postemployment Benefits

In November 1992, the District offered a retirement bonus to full-time certificated employees retiring on or after November 1, 1992, with a minimum of 20 years full-time paid service, retiring between their 55th and 65th birthday; and to full-time certificated employees who retired between July 1, 1989, and October 1, 1992, with a minimum of 11 years full-time paid service, retiring between their 55th and 65th birthday. From the retiree's 55th to 65th birthday, the District will pay the retiree an annual bonus of \$1,388 payable quarterly. From the retiree's 65th to 68th birthday, the District will pay the retiree an annual bonus of \$688, payable quarterly. The retirement bonus will cease after the retiree's 68th birthday.

The total post-employment benefits payable at June 30, 2012 amounted to \$22,600.

NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2012:

				Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental	
	Ge	eneral Fund		Funds	Funds	
Non-spendable						
Revolving cash	\$	150,000	\$	-	\$	150,000
Stores inventory		363,288		77,612		440,900
Prepaid expenditures		38,000		-		38,000
All others		838,891		-		838,891
Total non-spendable		1,390,179		77,612		1,467,791
Restricted						
Educational programs		10,318,360		548		10,318,908
Capital projects		-		3,628,573		3,628,573
Debt service		-		2,183,276		2,183,276
All others		-		782,562		782,562
Total restricted		10,318,360		6,594,959		16,913,319
Committed						
Other commitments		-		1,459,719		1,459,719
Total committed		-		1,459,719		1,459,719
Assigned						
Reserve for litigation		2,500,000		-		2,500,000
Reserve for future obligations		30,260,173		-		30,260,173
Total assigned		32,760,173		-		32,760,173
Unassigned						
Reserve for economic uncertainties		7,840,752		-		7,840,752
Total unassigned		7,840,752		-		7,840,752
Total	\$	52,309,464	\$	8,132,290	\$	60,441,754

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 3 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description and Contribution Information

The District provides medical, dental and vision benefits to retirees and their covered eligible dependents. The District pays a portion of the medical costs for eligible retirees only. Retirees must pay the entire cost for dental, vision, and dependent medical benefits. All active employees who retire directly from the District and meet the eligibility criteria may participate.

Membership of the plan consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	440
Active plan members	2,545
Total	2,985
Number of participating employers	1

B. Funding Policy

The District's contribution is currently based on a project pay-as-you-go funding method, that is, benefits are payable when due.

As of June 30, 2012, the District has not established a plan or equivalent that contains an irrevocable transfer of assets dedicated to providing benefits to retirees in accordance with the terms of the plan and that are legally protected from creditors.

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 2,680,290
Interest on net OPEB obligation	404,011
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(525,630)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	2,558,671
Contributions made	 (544,824)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	2,013,847
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of the year	 8,080,219
Net OPEB obligation, end of the year	\$ 10,094,066

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2012 and the preceding two years were as follows:

	Annual		
	OPEB	Percentage	Net OPEB
Year Ended June 30,	Cost	Contributed	Obligation
2012	\$ 2,558,671	21%	\$ 10,094,066
2011	\$ 2,518,802	44%	\$ 8,080,219
2010	\$ 2,553,867	26%	\$ 6,665,802

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of the most recent actuarial evaluation consists of the following:

		A	ctuarial					
Actuarial		A	Accrued	Unfunded				UAAL as a
Valuation	Actuarial Valuation	L	iability	AAL			Covered	Percentage of
Date	of Assets		(AAL)	(UAAL)	Funded Rat	tio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
July 1, 20	11 \$ -	\$	21,598,646	\$ 21,598,646		0% \$	144,833,489	15%

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

E. Funded Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

7/1/2011

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date

valuation Date	7/1/2011
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit Cost
Amortization Method	Level Dollar
Remaining Amortization Period	29
Actuarial Assumptions: Investment rate of return	5.0%
Discount rate	5.0%
Health care trend rate	5.0%-8.0%
Inflation rate	4.0%

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NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2012 was 8.25% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. The District's contributions to CalSTRS for the last three fiscal years were as follows:

			Percent of Required
	Co	ntribution	Contribution
2011-12	\$	8,860,948	100%
2010-11	\$	8,670,164	100%
2009-10	\$	9,187,174	100%

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$4,582,990 to CalSTRS (4.267% of salaries subject to CalSTRS in 2011-12).

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

<u>California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)</u>

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2012 was 10.923% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. The District's contributions to CalPERS for the last three fiscal years were as follows:

			Percent of Required
	Co	ntribution	Contribution
2011-12	\$	4,838,892	100%
2010-11	\$	4,924,824	100%
2009-10	\$	4,650,596	100%

NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2012, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects of \$1,371,963.

NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District participates in two joint ventures under joint powers agreements (JPAs); the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP), and the Schools' Excess Liability Fund (SELF). The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements. However, fund transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. The audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

NOTE 14 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Prior period beginning net assets were restated due to an overstatement of the District's capital lease liability in the amount of \$3,179,951.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variances -	
		Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Final to Actual	
REVENUES						
Revenue limit sources						
State aid	\$	110,408,259 \$	110,194,266	\$ 111,422,543	\$ 1,228,277	
Local sources		15,096,868	14,286,926	15,713,421	1,426,495	
Transfers		(85,562)	(626,432)	(561,160)	65,272	
Federal sources		27,501,759	40,779,555	35,118,758	(5,660,797)	
Other State sources		63,479,105	63,709,164	65,502,972	1,793,808	
Other local sources		1,563,135	2,349,760	2,702,015	352,255	
Total Revenues		217,963,564	230,693,239	229,898,549	(794,690)	
EXPENDITURES						
Certificated salaries		97,526,267	107,684,920	102,672,246	5,012,674	
Classified salaries		40,502,333	37,220,769	35,951,211	1,269,558	
Employee benefits		39,274,225	39,021,519	41,368,463	(2,346,944)	
Books and supplies		11,557,273	13,573,993	12,110,025	1,463,968	
Services and other operating expenditures		36,543,200	45,130,147	37,107,121	8,023,026	
Capital outlay		101,384	442,302	449,548	(7,246)	
Other outgo						
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		7,188,386	13,199,129	9,485,567	3,713,562	
Transfers of indirect costs		(652,893)	(654,101)	(558,104)	(95,997)	
Total Expenditures		232,040,175	255,618,678	238,586,077	17,032,601	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(14,076,611)	(24,925,439)	(8,687,528)	16,237,911	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers Out		(2,667,825)	(2,667,825)	(2,667,825)		
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,667,825)	(2,667,825)	(2,667,825)	-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(16,744,436)	(27,593,264)	(11,355,353)	16,237,911	
Fund Balance - Beginning		66,245,355	63,664,817	63,664,817		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	49,500,919 \$	36,071,553	\$ 52,309,464	\$ 16,237,911	

^{*} The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

[•] On behalf payments of \$4,544,147 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

			Actuarial				
Actuarial			Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	Actuarial Valuation	n	Liability	AAL		Covered	Percentage of
Date	of Assets		(AAL)	(UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
July 1, 2007	\$	- \$	16,350,739	\$ 16,350,739	0% \$	157,602,189	10%
July 1, 2009	\$	- \$	21,530,631	\$ 21,530,631	0% \$	163,794,208	13%
July 1, 2011	\$	- \$	21,598,646	\$ 21,598,646	0% \$	144,833,489	15%

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Funding Progress

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 45 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The schedule presents, for the most recent actuarial valuation and the two preceding valuations, information about the funding progress of the plan, including, for each valuation, the actuarial valuation date, the actuarial value of assets, the actuarial accrued liability, the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess), the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (funded ratio), the annual covered payroll, and the ratio of the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) to annual covered payroll.

NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2012, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

	Expenditures and Other Uses					
		Budget		Actual		Excess
General Fund						
Employee benefits	\$	39,021,519	\$	41,368,463	\$	2,346,944
Capital outlay	\$	442,302	\$	449,548	\$	7,246

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:		raciallying runiber	Experienteres
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A Cluster			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 16,043,278
ARRA - Title I - Part A	84.389	15005	233,622
Subtotal Title I, Part A Cluster			16,276,900
Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education	84.002A	13978	23,142
Adult Education: English Literacy and Civics Education	84.002A	14109	77,480
Adult Education: Adult Basic Education and ESL	84.002A	14508	174,849
Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality	84.367A	14341	4,482,820
Educational Technology State Grants Cluster			, - ,
Title II, Part D, Enhancing Education Through Technology, Forumula Grants	84.318X	14334	139,390
Title II, Part D, Enhancing Education Through Technology, Competitive Grants	84.318X	14368	470,944
ARRA - Education Technology State Grants	84.386	15019	99,904
ARRA - Education Technology State Competitive Grants	84.386	15126	84,000
Education Technology State Grants Cluster			794,238
Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program	84.365	14346	1,313,617
Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	14,868
Title IV, Part A, Drug-Free Schools	84.186	14347	39,870
Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community Learning Centers Program	84.287	14681	795,266
Department of Rehab: Workability II, Transition Partnership	84.158	10006	138,964
Special Education Cluster	01.100	10000	100,501
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	3,975,778
IDEA Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	14468	341,913
Part B, Preschool Grants	84.173	13430	75,165
ARRA - Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B	84.391	15003	609,920
ARRA - Part B, Preschool Grants	84.392	15000	80,001
IDEA Preschool Local Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	13682	82,206
IDEA Quality Assurance and Focused Monitoring	84.027	13693	45,000
Subtotal Special Education Cluster	04.027	10075	5,209,983
IDEA Early Intervention Grants	84.181	23761	91,745
Vocational Programs: Voc & Appl Tech Secondary II C, Sec 131 (Carl Perkins Act)	84.048	14894	303,067
Vocational Programs: Voc & Appl Tech Secondary II C, Sec 132 (Carl Perkins Act)	84.048	14893	16,068
Title X, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance	84.196	14332	61,140
Education Jobs Fund	84.410	25152	4,875,604
Total U. S. Department of Education	04.410	25152	34,689,621
Total C. S. Department of Education			34,009,021
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Needy School Breakfast	10.553	13526	3,313,270
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	7,007,281
Federal Snack Program	10.558	13004	275,963
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			10,596,514
USDA Commodities	10.558	13389	653,247
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	14968	567,368
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			11,817,129
ILC DED ADTMENT OF LIFATTH AND HITMAN CEDVICES.			
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			
Passed through California Department of Health Services:	02.779	10012	71 150
Medi-Cal Billing Option Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services	93.778	10013	71,158
-			
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:			
Passed through California Department of Justice:			
Public Safety Partnerships and Community Policing Grants	16.710	*	93,867
Total U. S. Department of Justice			93,867
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 46,671,775

^{* -} PCS Number not available or not applicable

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Revised					
	Second	Second				
	Period	Period	Annual			
	Report	Report	Report			
ELEMENTARY						
Kindergarten	2,037	2,037	2,054			
First through third	6,084	6,084	6,075			
Fourth through sixth	5,662	5,662	5,656			
Seventh through eighth	3,435	3,435	3,433			
Opportunity schools	4	4	4			
Community day school	6	6	8			
Home and hospital	16	16	14			
Special education	608	608	616			
Total Elementary	17,852	17,852	17,860			
SECONDARY						
Regular classes	4,915	4,915	4,805			
Continuation education	296	295	275			
Opportunity schools	4	4	4			
Community day school	10	10	12			
Home and hospital	27	27	12			
Special education	291	291	283			
Total Secondary	5,543	5,542	5,391			
Average Daily Attendance Total	23,395	23,394	23,251			

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	1982-83 1986-87		6-87				
		Actual		Minutes	2011-12		
	Actual	Minutes	Minutes	Requirement	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Minutes	Reduced	Requirement	Reduced	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	31,500	29,400	36,000	33,600	55,410	180	Complied
Grade 1	46,740	43,624	50,400	47,040	53,800	180	Complied
Grade 2	46,740	43,624	50,400	47,040	53,800	180	Complied
Grade 3	46,740	43,624	50,400	47,040	53,800	180	Complied
Grade 4	50,120	46,779	54,000	50,400	54,030	180	Complied
Grade 5	50,120	46,779	54,000	50,400	54,030	180	Complied
Grade 6	50,120	46,779	54,000	50,400	58,684	180	Complied
Grade 7	50,120	46,779	54,000	50,400	58,684	180	Complied
Grade 8	50,120	46,779	54,000	50,400	58,684	180	Complied
Grade 9	58,885	54,959	64,800	60,480	64,800	180	Complied
Grade 10	58,885	54,959	64,800	60,480	64,800	180	Complied
Grade 11	58,885	54,959	64,800	60,480	64,800	180	Complied
Grade 12	58,885	54,959	64,800	60,480	64,800	180	Complied

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

2013	(Budget)		2012		2011		2010
\$	212,904,252	\$	229,898,549	\$	255,401,676	\$	244,598,262
	228,750,294		241,253,902		262,986,425		283,574,125
\$	(15,846,042)	\$	(11,355,353)	\$	(7,584,749)	\$	(38,975,863)
\$	36,463,422	\$	52,309,464	\$	63,664,817	\$	71,249,566
\$	7,434,385	\$	7,840,752	\$	8,347,838	\$	8,507,224
	3.25%		3.25%		3.17%		3.00%
\$	118,491,853	\$	126,723,217	\$	132,808,949	\$	123,461,455
	23,704		23,395		23,783		24,460
-	\$	228,750,294 \$ (15,846,042) \$ 36,463,422 \$ 7,434,385 3.25% \$ 118,491,853	\$ 212,904,252 \$ 228,750,294 \$ (15,846,042) \$ \$ \$ 36,463,422 \$ \$ 7,434,385 \$ \$ 3.25% \$ 118,491,853 \$	\$ 212,904,252 \$ 229,898,549 228,750,294 241,253,902 \$ (15,846,042) \$ (11,355,353) \$ 36,463,422 \$ 52,309,464 \$ 7,434,385 \$ 7,840,752 3.25% 3.25% \$ 118,491,853 \$ 126,723,217	\$ 212,904,252 \$ 229,898,549 \$ 228,750,294 241,253,902 (15,846,042) \$ (11,355,353) \$ \$ 36,463,422 \$ 52,309,464 \$ \$ 7,434,385 \$ 7,840,752 \$ 3.25% 3.25% \$ 118,491,853 \$ 126,723,217 \$	\$ 212,904,252 \$ 229,898,549 \$ 255,401,676 228,750,294 241,253,902 262,986,425 \$ (15,846,042) \$ (11,355,353) \$ (7,584,749) \$ 36,463,422 \$ 52,309,464 \$ 63,664,817 \$ 7,434,385 \$ 7,840,752 \$ 8,347,838 3.25% 3.25% 3.17% \$ 118,491,853 \$ 126,723,217 \$ 132,808,949	\$ 212,904,252 \$ 229,898,549 \$ 255,401,676 \$ 228,750,294 241,253,902 262,986,425 \$ (15,846,042) \$ (11,355,353) \$ (7,584,749) \$ \$ 36,463,422 \$ 52,309,464 \$ 63,664,817 \$ \$ 7,434,385 \$ 7,840,752 \$ 8,347,838 \$ \$ 3.25% 3.25% 3.17% \$ 118,491,853 \$ 126,723,217 \$ 132,808,949 \$

The General Fund balance has decreased by \$18,940,102 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2012-13 budget projects a further decrease of \$15,846,042. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating deficits in each of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2012-13 fiscal year. Total long term obligations have increased by \$3,261,762 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 1,065 ADA over the past two years. An increase of 309 ADA is anticipated during the 2012-13 fiscal year.

• On behalf payments of \$4,544,147 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

^{**} The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Self Insurance			
	Fund			
June 30, 2012, annual financial and budget report	\$	10,988,795		
Adjustments and reclassifications:				
Increase (decrease) in total net assets:				
Change in IBNR liability		(2,931,749)		
Net adjustments and reclassifications		(2,931,749)		
June 30, 2012, audited financial statement	\$	8,057,046		

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and* Non-*Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2012 or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2012.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported in the		_
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance		\$46,647,097
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	24,678
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$46,671,775

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at either the 1982-83 actual minutes or the 1986-87 requirements, whichever is greater, as required by *Education Code Section* 46201. For 2011-12, the instructional day and minute requirements have been reduced pursuant to *Education Code Sections* 46201.2 and 46201.3

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration. (Located in the front of the audit report)

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Compton Unified School District Compton, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Compton Unified School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of Compton Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Compton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Compton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Compton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Christy White, CPA

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Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as items #2012-1 through #2012-2 that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Compton Unified School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Compton Unified School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the Compton Unified School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, others within the entity, the California Department of Education, the California State Controller's Office, the California Department of Finance, federal and state awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

San Diego, California December 10, 2012

Chirty White Associates



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Governing Board Compton Unified School District Compton, California

Compliance

We have audited Compton Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. Compton Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Compton Unified School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Compton Unified School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Compton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Compton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Compton Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Christy White, CPA

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Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Compton Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Compton Unified School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Compton Unified School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be *material weaknesses* as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, others within the entity, the California Department of Education, the California State Controller's Office, the California Department of Finance, federal and state awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

San Diego, California December 10, 2012

Christy White Associates



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Governing Board Compton Unified School District Compton, California

We have audited Compton Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K -12 Local Education Agencies 2011-12, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations for the year ended June 30, 2012. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants listed below is the responsibility of Compton Unified School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Compton Unified School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K – 12 Local Education Agencies 2011-12, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Compton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Compton Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations referred to above.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Compton Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES IN AUDIT GUIDE	PROCEDURES PERFORMED	
Attendance Reporting	6	Yes	
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	3	Yes	
Kindergarten Continuance	3	Yes	
Independent Study	23	No	
Continuation Education	10	Yes	
Instructional Time for:			
School Districts	6	Yes	
County offices of education	3	Not Applicable	
Instructional Materials, general requirements	8	Yes	
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	1	Yes	

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	PROCEDURES IN	PROCEDURES PERFORMED	
PROGRAM NAME	AUDIT GUIDE		
Classroom Teacher Salaries	1	Yes	
Early Retirement Incentive	4	Not Applicable	
Gann Limit Calculation	1	Yes	
School Accountability Report Card	3	Yes	
Public Hearing Requirement - Receipt of Funds	1	Yes	
Juvenile Court Schools	8	Not Applicable	
Exclusion of Pupils - Pertussis Immunization	2	Yes	
Class Size Reduction (including in charter schools):			
General requirements	7	Yes	
Option One	3	Yes	
Option Two	4	Not Applicable	
Districts or charter schools with only one			
school serving K - 3	4	Not Applicable	
After School Education and Safety Program:			
General requirements	4	Yes	
After school	5	Yes	
Before school	6	Not Applicable	
Contemporaneous Records of Attendance; for charter			
schools	3	Not Applicable	
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	1	Not Applicable	
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;			
for charter schools	15	Not Applicable	
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based			
Instruction; for charter schools	3	Not Applicable	
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based; for			
charter schools	4	Not Applicable	

We did not perform testing on Independent Study because it was below the threshold required for testing.

As described in items #2012-3 through #2012-4 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we noted instances of non-compliance related to Attendance Reporting and Class Size Reduction. Compliance with such requirement is necessary, in our opinion, for Compton Unified School District to comply with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K* – 12 *Local Education Agencies* 2011-12, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations for the year ended June 30, 2012.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the preceding paragraph, Compton Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the state laws and regulations referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Compton Unified School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the Compton Unified School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, others within the entity, the California Department of Education, the California State Controller's Office, the California Department of Finance, federal and state awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

San Diego, California December 10, 2012

Christy White Associates

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Type of auditors' report issued: Unqualified Internal control over financial reporting: No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes Non-compliance material to financial statements noted? No FEDERAL AWARDS Internal control over major program: Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? No Any audit findings disclosed that are required to reported in accordance Unqualified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to reported in accordance No With section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? No Identification of major programs: No CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program of Cluster No Audite R4.367A Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality Pace and Type Intended LEP) Student Program B4.027, 84.027A, 84.173, 84.391, 84.39 Special Education Cluster, including ARRA No Do	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? No Non-compliance material to financial statements to ted? No FEDERAL AWARDS Internal control over major program: Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? No None Reported Type of auditors' report issued: Unqualified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance No With section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? No Identification of major programs: No CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program of Cluster No B 43.65A Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program Polar III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program Polar III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program No B 44.410 Education Jobs Fund No No Dollar threshold used to distinguish between "between type A and Type B programs: \$1,400,153 No STATE AWARDS No<	Type of auditors' report issued:		τ	Inqualified
Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Non-compliance material to financial statements noted? FEDERAL AWARDS Internal control over major program: Material weakness(es) identified? Moo Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None Reported Type of auditors' report issued: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? Identification of major programs: FEDERAL AWARDS CFDA Number(s) Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? Identification of major programs: FEDERAL AWARDS Aname of Federal Program of Cluster Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program B4.027, 84.027A, 84.173, 84.391, 84.392 Special Education Jobs Fund Education Jobs Fund Education Jobs Fund Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? FINTER AWARDS Internal control over state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? And Significant deficiency(ies) identified? And Significant deficiency(ies) identified? And Significant deficiency(ies) identified? And Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Aname of Federal Program of Cluster Anae of Federal Program of Cl	Internal control over financial reporting:			
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Internal control over major program: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Type of auditors' report issued: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s)	Non-compliance material to financial statemer	ats noted?		No
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Type of auditors' report issued: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s)	FEDERAL AWARDS			
Significant deficiency (ies) identified? Type of auditors' report issued: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s)	Internal control over major program:			
Type of auditors' report issued: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s)	Material weakness(es) identified?			No
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s)	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		No	ne Reported
with section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s)	Type of auditors' report issued:		τ	Inqualified
Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s)	Any audit findings disclosed that are required	to be reported in accordance		
CFDA Number(s) 84.367A Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality 84.365 Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program 84.027, 84.027A, 84.173, 84.391, 84.392 Special Education Cluster, including ARRA 84.410 Education Jobs Fund 10.553, 10.555, 10.558 Child Nutrition Cluster Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes	with section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?			No
84.367A Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality 84.365 Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program 84.027, 84.027A, 84.173, 84.391, 84.392 Special Education Cluster, including ARRA 84.410 Education Jobs Fund 10.553, 10.555, 10.558 Child Nutrition Cluster Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$1,400,153 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes	Identification of major programs:			
84.365Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program84.027, 84.027A, 84.173, 84.391, 84.392Special Education Cluster, including ARRA84.410Education Jobs Fund10.553, 10.555, 10.558Child Nutrition ClusterDollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:\$ 1,400,153Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?NoSTATE AWARDSInternal control over state programs:NoMaterial weakness(es) identified?NoSignificant deficiency(ies) identified?Yes	CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program of Cluster		
84.027, 84.027A, 84.173, 84.391, 84.392 84.410 10.553, 10.555, 10.558 Child Nutrition Cluster Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Special Education Cluster, including ARRA Education Jobs Fund No \$ 1,400,153	84.367A	Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality		
84.410 Education Jobs Fund 10.553, 10.555, 10.558 Child Nutrition Cluster Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes	84.365	Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program		
10.553, 10.558 Child Nutrition Cluster Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes	84.027, 84.027A, 84.173, 84.391, 84.392	Special Education Cluster, including ARRA		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes	84.410	Education Jobs Fund		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes	10.553, 10.555, 10.558	Child Nutrition Cluster		
STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	Гуре A and Type B programs:	\$	1,400,153
Internal control over state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			No
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes	STATE AWARDS			
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes	Internal control over state programs:			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes				No
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?			Yes
	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance	for state programs:		Qualified

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

FIVE DIGIT CODE

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

20000 30000 Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

FINDING #2012-1: ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (ASB) (30000)

Criteria: Proper internal controls are necessary to ensure the safeguard over the Associated Student Body (ASB) assets. Maintaining sound internal control procedures over cash receipts, cash disbursements, bank reconciliations and minutes of council meetings reduces the opportunity for irregularities to go undetected. The Fiscal Crisis & Management Assistance Team (FCMAT) Associated Student Body Accounting Manual & Desk Reference outlines proper internal control procedures for associated student body accounts to follow.

Condition: Through our testing of the school site ASB accounts, we noted the following internal control deficiencies:

Dominguez High School

- One (1) of 10 cash disbursement lacked sufficient documentation necessary to substantiate expenses.
- Auditor noted through internal control interview and cash receipts walkthrough that the cash receipts
 process lacks sufficient organization and supporting documentation needed to trace amounts deposited
 directly to source documentation (i.e. tally sheets, inventory control sheets, ticket control sheets).

Roosevelt Middle School

- Auditor noted through interview process that meeting minutes are not documented and maintained on a consistent basis.
- Through inquiry, auditor noted certain cash receipts are not being deposited into the student body funds
 account. Amount collected for fundraising purposes should be documented and deposited into the student
 body funds. In addition, disbursements made from student body funds should be approved and
 documented through the use of check request forms.
- One (1) of 4 cash disbursements tested did not have documented student representative approval.
- Four (4) of 4 cash receipts tested could not be reconciled from bank deposit records to revenue source.
 Deposits lacked sufficient documentation needed to trace and verify amounts deposited to source documents.

Enterprise Middle School

 Deposit in the amount of \$1,510 made on 12/16/11 lacked sufficient documentation needed to trace amount deposited to amount collected. Collections for deposit included PE clothing sales, gram sales, and dance ticket sales. In addition, PE clothing sales receipts included in deposit ended 10/6/11, resulting in an untimely deposit of student body funds.

Cause: Insufficient controls over student body activities.

Effect: The potential for irregularities in accounting to go undetected.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS, continued JUNE 30, 2012

FINDING #2012-1: ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (ASB) (30000) (continued)

Perspective: We audited four ASBs at the school sites selected for testing in fiscal year 2011-12. Our audit included an evaluation of internal control procedures over: cash disbursements, cash receipts, and ASB organization.

Recommendation: The District should provide each student body account clerk with the latest FCMAT Associated Student Body Accounting Manual & Desk Reference and reinforce the need for sound internal control procedures to be implemented.

District Response: The District's Fiscal Services department (FSD) will meet with all the ASB school principals and assistant principals to discuss their roles as they apply to ASBs. The FSD will provide handbooks to all ASBs outlining policies and procedures. In addition, the FSD provided training during fiscal year 2011-12, and will continue to provide training workshops to all ASB staff.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS, continued JUNE 30, 2012

FINDING #2012-2: BANK ACCOUNTS AND RECONCILIATIONS (30000)

Criteria: Internal controls should be implemented to ensure the bank accounts are reconciled.

Condition: In our test of cafeteria clearing account balance, we noted a variance between the balance on the bank reconciliation and the District's general ledger. The reconciliation balance should reflect a zero balance as the account is a clearing account.

In our test of ASB bank accounts, we noted the following internal control deficiencies:

- Negative expenses were noted for a District's ASB.
- Ending fund balances were unable to be reconciled for several of the District's ASBs.

Cause: Lack of training and internal control procedures surrounding bank reconciliations.

Effect or potential effect: Cash balances may not be properly stated without a reconciliation process.

Perspective: Review of year-end bank accounts and reconciliations.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District implement procedures to ensure that all bank accounts are properly reconciled and that these reconciliations are reviewed by an appropriate individual on a timely basis.

District Response: The District will ensure in the future that all accounts are reconciled and cleared before the books are closed. The Director of Accounting and Budgeting has instructed the responsible staff to perform bank reconciliations on a monthly basis. In addition, the Director of Accounting and Budgeting now reviews and signs all bank reconciliations.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings and question costs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
41000	CalSTRS
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

FINDING #2012-3: ATTENDANCE (10000)

Criteria: Regular class attendance submitted to the California Department of Education should reconcile to the supporting documents that support the local education agency's Average Daily Attendance (California Education Code Section 46000 et seq.). Auditors are required to verify compliance in Section 19817.2 of the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies* 2011-12.

Condition: We noted attendance discrepancies as follows:

Laurel St. Elementary

• Auditor noted attendance discrepancies for 1 of 1 teacher tested. Attendance source documents (scantrons) do not match the attendance register records resulting in an overstatement of 1 student day.

Kennedy Elementary School

• Auditor noted attendance discrepancies for 2 of 2 teachers tested. Attendance source documents (scantrons) do not match the attendance register records, resulting in an overstatement of 3 student days.

Cesar Chavez Continuation

• Auditor noted that there were 5 instances of source documentation not agreeing to the attendance register. The total ADA effect was an overstatement of 1 student day.

Cause: There were inconsistencies between the attendance system and source documents resulting in understatement of attendance in the 2011-12 school year.

Effect: The District is out of compliance with the State's requirements regarding attendance reporting.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, continued JUNE 30, 2012

FINDING #2012-3: ATTENDANCE (10000) (continued)

Perspective: Testing of attendance at various school sites.

ADA Impact: 5 student days were overstated. The District's base revenue limit was \$6,530.75 and there were 127 days in the District's P-2 reporting period, resulting in a potential fiscal impact of \$257. However, the District has revised P-2 to reflect this change.

Recommendation: School sites should ensure that all source documentation should accurately reflect the attendance recorded in the register. Any changes made to the system should be noted on the source documents (Scantrons).

District Response: The District, in fiscal year 2012-13, stopped using scantrons and began using electronic daily attendance recording. Teachers now record attendance through their computers. This will ensure proper and accurate reflection of recorded attendance with the attendance register.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, continued JUNE 30, 2012

FINDING #2012-4: CLASS SIZE REDUCTION (40000)

Criteria: Pursuant to Education Code Sections 52120-52128.5, the District received Class Size Reduction Program funding. Auditors are required to verify compliance in Section 19845.2 of the Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies.

Condition: The District's submitted claim form (J-7 CSR) did not agree to the support from the AERIES attendance system.

Questioned Costs: The District under claimed number of classes, resulting in an additional \$69,615 that the District is entitled to claim. The District has revised the form J-7 CSR to the correct amount.

Cause: Errors were made in transferring data from the AERIES attendance system into an excel spreadsheet used to fill out the form J-7 CSR.

Effect: The District is out of compliance with the State's requirements regarding class size reduction. However, the District has since implemented procedures to ensure that the errors will not occur in the future. Also, the District has re-submitted the form J-7 CSR so there is no effect going forward.

Perspective: Review of the underlying calculation behind the District's form J-7 CSR.

Recommendation: The District should review the form J-7 CSR to ensure that the numbers reported agree to the AERIES attendance system.

District Response: The Senior Director of Fiscal Services will review all the formulas in the excel spreadsheet used to fill out the form J-7 CSR to ensure that no formula alteration occurred during data transfer from the AERIES attendance system before it is submitted to the CDE.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

FINDING #2011-1: ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (ASB) (30000)

Criteria: Internal controls should be implemented to minimize the possibility for waste or abuse of Associated Student Body (ASB) resources.

Condition: The following items were noted during ASB testing:

Compton High School

Cash Receipts

7 of 8 receipts tested totaling \$4,908 could not be reconciled from the receipt of cash to the deposit. Various elements were missing for the deposit as follows:

- A reconciliation showing where cash came from when it is turned into the ASB office for deposit.
- Receipts and ticket worksheets should be attached to deposit or kept in an orderly way as to be able to reconcile the deposit.
- Copies of checks or receipt should be kept along with the deposit.

Cause: Lack of training at the Compton High School ASB.

Effect or Potential Effect: Abuse within the District's ASB organizations.

Perspective: A sample of cash receipts at the District's ASB organizations.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District provide training to ASB staff and implement controls to address the internal control deficiencies noted above.

District Response: The District has issued a handbook to all ASB's outlining policies and procedures and will continue to conduct semi-annual training workshops for all ASB staff.

Current Status: Not implemented, See finding 2012-1.

FINDING #2011-2: BANK ACCOUNTS AND RECONCILIATIONS (30000)

Criteria: Internal controls should be implemented to ensure that bank accounts are reconciled.

Condition: In our test of the District's clearing account balance, we noted a variance of \$156,492 between the balance on the bank reconciliation and the District's general ledger. The reconciliation balance should reflect a zero balance as the account is a clearing account. In our test of ASB accounts, we noted various old items (dating back to 2007) sitting on reconciliations which should have been written-off. Reconciliations, particularly for high schools, were not prepared correctly as we noted negative fund balance amounts.

Cause: Lack of training and internal control procedures surrounding bank reconciliations.

Effect or Potential Effect: Cash balances may not be properly stated without a reconciliation process.

Perspective: Review of year-end bank accounts and reconciliations.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District implement procedures to ensure that all bank accounts are properly reconciled and that these reconciliations are reviewed by an appropriate individual on a timely basis.

District Response: All bank reconciliations are now reviewed and signed by the Associated Superintendent of Business and Administrative Services. Deadlines are given for completion of the bank reconciliations to ensure that they are prepared in a timely manner.

Current Status: Not implemented, see finding #2012-2.

FINDING #2011-3: INTERNAL CONTROLS FOR CHILD NUTRITION SERVICES (30000)

Criteria: Internal controls should be implemented to ensure that the accounting function at Child Nutrition Services is properly supervised.

Condition: In our test of child nutrition services' federal and state revenues, we noted that October 2011's state revenue was booked as federal revenue. Also, in our test of child nutrition services' cash in bank balance, auditor noted that the balance reported in the general ledger does not reconcile with the bank reconciliation. Finally, we noted that the accrual to record the May and June federal and state reimbursements was overstated.

Cause: Lack of supervision over Child Nutrition Services.

Effect or Potential Effect: Cash balances may not be accurately stated without a proper reconciliation process. Revenues and accounts receivable were overstated.

Perspective: Review of year-end bank accounts and reconciliations, review of cafeteria claim forms.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District implement procedures to ensure that journal entries posted by Child Nutrition Services are correct, and that these entries are reviewed by appropriate personnel to ensure accuracy. We also recommend that the District implement procedures to ensure that all bank accounts are properly reconciled and that these reconciliations are reviewed by an appropriate individual on a timely basis.

District Response: All bank reconciliations and journal entries will be reviewed by the Director of Accounting and Budgeting for accuracy. Deadlines will be given to staff for completion of bank reconciliations to ensure that they are prepared in a timely manner.

Current Status: Implemented.

FINDING #2011-4: HEALTH AND WELFARE BENEFITS LIABILITY ACCOUNTS (30000)

Criteria: Internal controls should be implemented to ensure that health and welfare benefits liability accounts are properly stated.

Condition: There were several audit adjustments that had to made to properly state the District's health and welfare and benefits liability accounts.

Cause: The accounts were not reconciled on a consistent basis.

Effect or Potential Effect: The health and welfare benefits liability accounts were not accurately stated.

Perspective: Review of year-end health and welfare liability account balances.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District reconcile these accounts on a consistent basis going forward.

District Response: The District has implemented a procedure to have all health and welfare and benefit liability accounts reconcile on a monthly basis and reviewed by the Director of Accounting and Budgeting to ensure accuracy.

Current Status: Implemented.

FINDING #2011-5: ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING (10000)

Criteria: Regular class attendance submitted to the California Department of Education should reconcile to the supporting documents that support the local education agency's Average Daily Attendance (California Education Code Section 46000 et seq.). Auditors are required to verify compliance in Section 19817.1 of the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies*.

Condition: We noted attendance discrepancies from the scantrons to the attendance system as follows:

Bunche Middle School

One (1) of 10 students tested had attendance discrepancies with a net one day under-reported.

Compton High School

Four (4) of 10 students tested had attendance discrepancies with a net four days under-reported.

Davis Middle School

Four (4) of 5 students tested had attendance discrepancies with a net two days under-reported.

Washington Elementary School

Nine out of ten students tested had attendance discrepancies with a net one day over-reported.

Bursch Elementary School

Seven out of 10 students tested had attendance discrepancies with a net 5 days over-reported.

Questioned Costs: 3 attendance days were understated as tested (0.02 ADA). The District has 128 days in its P-2 reporting period and its base revenue limit is \$6,387.57. The fiscal impact of the ADA understatement is \$150, calculated as follows: 3 days/128 days multiplied by \$6,387.57=\$150. The District has revised P-2 to reflect this change.

Cause: The school site's personnel did not properly organize and maintain all source documents of attendance in the 2010-11 school year.

Effect: The District is out of compliance with the State's requirements regarding attendance reporting.

FINDING #2011-5: ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING (10000) (continued)

Recommendation: The District should provide training to site attendance personnel on the requirements relating to retention of attendance source documents. Also maintain a record of all other attendance scantrons (i.e., for other periods during the days noted) for the students and days for which missing scantrons were noted above.

District Response: The District has and will continue to provide monthly training to site attendance personnel on the requirements relating to retention of attendance source documents. The District has properly revised P-2 to reflect the change in ADA.

Current Status: Not implemented, see finding #2012-3.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS, continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

FINDING #2011-6: SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT CARD (72000)

Criteria: School facilities conditions assessments as indicated in a school's annual School Accountability Report Card (SARC) should match the information indicated in facility conditions evaluation instruments developed by the Office of Public School Construction and approved by the State Allocation Board,

or local evaluation instruments that meet the same criteria, as per Education Code Sections 33126(b)(8) and 17002.

Condition: We noted that three of eleven sites tested had discrepancies found to what was reported on the 2009-10 SARC compared to the facilities

inspection tool form used to evaluate the sites facilities. The sites that had inconsistencies are Bunche Middle, Roosevelt Middle, and Bursch Elementary.

Questioned Costs: Not applicable

Cause: The District reported the incorrect facilities information.

Effect: Non-compliance of state requirements.

Recommendation: The District should update the SARCs to ensure that accurate information is being reported and made available. As required per Education Code Section 33126, SARC information reported about the conditions of school facilities must be consistent with the facilities inspection tool

forms used to make the evaluation.

District Response: The District will conduct an evaluation and update the SARCs to ensure that the correct information is being reported and made

available.

Current Status: Implemented.

FINDING #2011-7: CLASS SIZE REDUCTION (40000)

Criteria: Pursuant to Education Code Sections 52120-52128.5, the District received Class Size Reduction Program funding. Auditors are required to verify compliance in Section 19845.2 of the Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies.

Condition: The District's submitted claim form (J-7 CSR) did not agree to the support from the AERIES attendance system as follows:

- Grade One 15 pupil classes was under reported by one, 18 pupil classes was under reported by one, 20.45-21.44 pupil class was under reported by one, 21.45-22.44 pupil class was over reported by one, and 24.95 or greater classes was under reported by one.
- Grade Two 16 pupil classes was under reported by one.
- Grade Three 19 pupil classes was under reported by one, 20.25-21.44 classes was over reported by one, 22.95-24.94 classes was under reported by two, and 24.95 or greater classes was over reported by one.
- Kindergarten 19 pupil classes was under reported by one, 22.95-24.94 classes was over reported by three, and 24.95 or greater classes was under reported by five.

Questioned Costs: The District's submitted claim form calculated apportionment of \$7,292,439, while the correct recalculated claim form calculated apportionment of \$7,413,462 meaning the District was underfunded by \$121,023. The District has re-submitted a revised claim form with the correct apportionment.

Cause: Errors were made in transferring data from the AERIES attendance system into the form J-7 CSR.

Effect: The District is out of compliance with the State's requirements regarding class size reduction.

Recommendation: The District should review the form J-7 CSR to ensure that the numbers reported agree to the AERIES attendance system.

District Response: The District has re-assigned the reporting of this report to the Fiscal Services Department which will be reviewed by the senior director of fiscal services for accuracy before submitting to the State.

Current Status: Not implemented, see finding #2012-4.