COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2014

San Diego
Los Angeles
San Francisco
Bay Area



COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY

COMPTON, CALIFORNIA

JUNE 30, 2014

The Compton Unified School District was established on July 1, 1970, and is comprised of an area of approximately 30 square miles located in Los Angeles County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District is operating 22 elementary schools, 8 middle schools, 3 high schools, one adult school, and four alternative schools.

GOVERNING BOARD

GO VERIMING BOTHED							
Member	Office	Term Expires					
Micah Ali	President	2015					
Satra Zurita	Vice President	2017					
Charles Davis	Clerk	2017					
Margie Garrett	Legislative Representative	2017					
Mae P. Thomas	Member	2017					
Emma Sharif	Member	2015					
Skyy Fisher	Member	2015					

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Darin Brawley Superintendent

Alejandro Alvarez Chief Administrative Officer, Business and Administrative Services

> William Wu, JD Chief Human Resources Officer

Dr. Abimbola Williams-Ajala Associate Superintendent, Educational Services

Jamaiia Bond
Senior Director, Secondary Curriculum and Instruction

DeWayne D. Davis, Ed. D. Senior Director, Secondary Curriculum and Instruction

Andrea D. Credille Senior Director, Human Resources

Pamela Aurangzeb

Director of Curriculum and Instruction – Elementary

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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Heather Rubio

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Licensed by the California
State Board of Accountancy

Governing Board Compton Unified School District Compton, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Compton Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Compton Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Compton Unified School District, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 11, the budgetary comparison information on page 51, and the schedule of funding progress on page 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Compton Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, which is required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2014 on our consideration of Compton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Compton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California

Christy White Associates

December 12, 2014

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

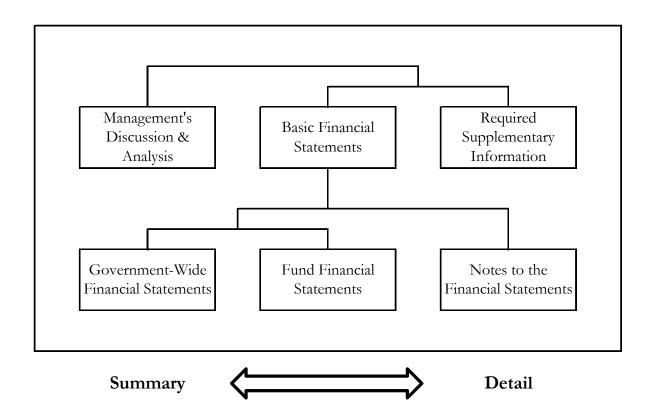
Our discussion and analysis of Compton Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position was \$225,150,006 at June 30, 2014. This was a decrease of \$9,571,532 from prior year's restated net position of \$234,721,538.
- Overall revenues were \$264,311,325, which were exceeded by expenses of \$273,882,857.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financials Section



This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - Governmental Funds provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
 - **Proprietary Funds** report services for which the District charges customers a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.
 - **Fiduciary Funds** report balances for which the District is a custodian or *trustee* of the funds, such as Associated Student Bodies and pension funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. LCFF funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$225,150,006 at June 30, 2014, as reflected below. Of this amount, \$(\$4,246,905) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities				
	2014	2014 2013			
ASSETS					
Current and other assets	\$109,014,616	\$118,847,204	\$ (9,832,588)		
Capital assets	289,195,682	295,089,640	(5,893,958)		
Total Assets	398,210,298	413,936,844	(15,726,546)		
			_		
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities	46,382,933	48,399,488	(2,016,555)		
Long-term liabilities	109,447,370 129,558,857		(20,111,487)		
Total Liabilities	155,830,303 177,958,345		(22,128,042)		
			_		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	207,167,827	206,320,736	847,091		
Restricted	22,229,084	20,888,852	1,340,232		
Unrestricted	(4,246,905)	8,768,911	(13,015,816)		
Total Net Position	\$225,150,006 \$235,978,499 \$ (10,828,4				

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The following table takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly, so you can see our total revenues, expenses, and special items for the year.

	Governmental Activities					
	2014	2013	Net Change			
REVENUES			_			
Program revenues						
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 64,305,243	\$ 75,170,795	\$ (10,865,552)			
General revenues						
Property taxes	28,012,277	30,534,517	(2,522,240)			
Unrestricted federal and state aid	170,151,773	143,754,806	26,396,967			
Other	1,842,032	2,530,299	(688,267)			
Total Revenues	264,311,325	251,990,417	12,320,908			
EXPENSES						
Instruction	158,124,100	141,512,704	16,611,396			
Instruction-related services	20,952,712	21,273,326	(320,614)			
Pupil services	29,297,044	28,849,806	447,238			
General administration	16,754,791	20,737,296	(3,982,505)			
Plant services	29,737,044	27,573,714	2,163,330			
Ancillary services	1,315,027	1,078,607	236,420			
Debt service	4,473,543	5,198,513	(724,970)			
Other Outgo	4,518,190	5,442,128	(923,938)			
Depreciation	8,710,406	8,508,188	202,218			
Total Expenses	273,882,857	260,174,282	13,708,575			
Change in net position	(9,571,532)	(8,183,865)	(1,387,667)			
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated*	234,721,538	244,162,364	(9,440,826)			
Net Position - Ending	\$225,150,006	\$235,978,499	\$ (10,828,493)			

^{*} Restatement to Beginning Net Position relates to the 2014 year only

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$273,882,857, but the net cost of services was only \$209,577,614. The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was only \$28,012,277 because the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

	Net Cost of Services					
	2014			2013		
Instruction	\$	120,581,989	\$	100,226,106		
Instruction-related services		15,923,164		14,237,172		
Pupil services	12,794,708 7,963,6					
General administration		13,953,452		17,502,305		
Plant services		29,219,390		26,962,786		
Ancillary services		782,037		1,058,640		
Debt service		4,473,543		5,198,513		
Transfers to other agencies		3,138,925		3,346,148		
Depreciation	8,710,406 8,508,5					
Total Expenses	\$	209,577,614	\$	185,003,487		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$52,150,844, which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$54,741,164. The District's General Fund had \$1,577,227 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2014.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2013-14

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a monthly basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of 2013-14 the District had invested \$289,195,682 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities						
	2014	Net Change					
CAPITAL ASSETS							
Land	\$ 6,693,026	\$ 6,693,026	\$ -				
Land improvements	7,700,880	7,700,880	-				
Buildings & improvements	389,672,715	386,950,527	2,722,188				
Furniture & equipment	20,802,462	20,708,202	94,260				
Accumulated depreciation	(135,673,401)	(126,962,995)	(8,710,406)				
Total Capital Assets	\$289,195,682	\$295,089,640	\$ (5,893,958)				

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$109,447,370 in long-term debt, a decrease of 3% from last year – as shown below. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.)

	Governmental Activities					
	2014 2013		Net Change			
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES			_			
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 75,208,046	\$ 80,054,954	\$ (4,846,908)			
Certificates of participation	25,670,000	27,175,000	(1,505,000)			
Capital leases	1,133,818	1,664,302	(530,484)			
Compensated absences	2,403,087	2,072,435	330,652			
Postemployment benefits	5,714	14,157	(8,443)			
Net OPEB obligation	14,157,155	11,949,462	2,207,693			
Less: current portion of long-term debt	(9,130,450)	(9,774,255)	643,805			
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$109,447,370	\$113,156,055	\$ (3,708,685)			

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

Landmark legislation passed in Year 2013 reformed California school district finance by creating the new Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The District continues to analyze the impact of the LCFF on funding for our program offerings and services. The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth. The State anticipates all school districts to reach the statewide targeted base funding levels by 2020-21, but the annual amount funded to meet the target is uncertain.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is monitoring include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADs); and, (4) meeting new compliance and audit requirements.

The State's economy is expected to grow at a modest rate of about 3% annually over the next two years, according to the UCLA Anderson Economic Forecast for September 2014. In the California forecast, Senior Economist Jerry Nickelsburg writes, "The California economy is moving forward in an expansion from the depths of the Great Recession. But, even though the number of jobs is now higher than any time in the past, the state remains below its potential in output and employment. That we are entering the sixth year of expansion illustrates just how painfully plodding this recovery process has been." The ability of the State to fund the LCFF and other programs is largely dependent on the strength of the State's economy and remains uncertain.

GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, will be effective in the following fiscal year, 2014-15. The new standard requires the reporting of annual pension cost using an actuarially determined method and a net pension liability is expected to result. The District participates in state employee pensions plans, PERS and STRS, and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability will be reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2015. The amount of the liability is unknown at this time but is anticipated to be material to the financial position of the District. To address the underfunding issues, the pension plans intend to raise employer rates in future years and the increased costs could be significant.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, interdistrict transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2014-15 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Compton Unified School District, 501 South Santa Fe Avenue; Compton, CA 90221.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	62,184,299	
Accounts receivable		46,327,940	
Inventory		502,377	
Capital assets, not depreciated		6,693,026	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		282,502,656	
Total Assets		398,210,298	
LIABILITIES			
Accrued liabilities		36,799,623	
Unearned revenue		452,860	
Long-term liabilities, current portion		9,130,450	
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion		109,447,370	
Claims liabilities		17,229,989	
Total Liabilities		173,060,292	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets		207,167,827	
Restricted:			
Capital projects		3,418,752	
Debt service		2,125,361	
Educational programs		14,232,327	
All others		2,452,644	
Unrestricted		(4,246,905)	
Total Net Position	\$	225,150,006	

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

				ram Revenues Operating	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position	
			Grants and		Governmental	
Function/Programs	1	Expenses		ontributions	Activities	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	_					_
Instruction	\$	158,124,100	\$	37,542,111	\$ (120,581,98	89)
Instruction-related services						
Instructional supervision and administration		6,881,141		3,918,288	(2,962,85	53)
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,783,175		275,400	(1,507,77	75)
School site administration		12,288,396		835,860	(11,452,53	36)
Pupil services						
Home-to-school transportation		4,648,819		-	(4,648,81	19)
Food services		13,079,027		12,745,990	(333,03	37)
All other pupil services		11,569,198		3,756,346	(7,812,85	52)
General administration						
Centralized data processing		1,895,112		32,753	(1,862,35	59)
All other general administration		14,859,679		2,768,586	(12,091,09	93)
Plant services		29,737,044		517,654	(29,219,39	90)
Ancillary services		1,315,027		532,990	(782,03	37)
Interest on long-term debt		4,473,543		-	(4,473,54	43)
Other Outgo		4,518,190		1,379,265	(3,138,92	25)
Depreciation (unallocated)		8,710,406		<u>-</u>	(8,710,40	06)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	273,882,857	\$	64,305,243	(209,577,61	14)
	General r	evenues				
	Taxes as	nd subventions				
	Proper	rty taxes, levied for	r general p	urposes	20,354,54	43
	Proper	rty taxes, levied for	r debt serv	ice	7,172,96	65
	Property taxes, levied for other specific purposes				484,76	69
	Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes				170,151,77	73
	Interest	and investment ea	arnings		426,95	59
	Miscella	ineous	1,415,07	73		
	Subtotal,	General Revenue	200,006,08	82		
	CHANG	E IN NET POSITIO	ON		(9,571,53	32)
		ion - Beginning, a	s Restated		234,721,53	
	Net Posit	ion - Ending		-	\$ 225,150,00	06

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2014

			Non-Major Governmental		G	Total overnmental
	Ge	eneral Fund		Funds		Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	31,449,553	\$	10,209,497	\$	41,659,050
Accounts receivable		41,355,790		4,855,658		46,211,448
Stores inventory		369,476		132,901		502,377
Total Assets	\$	73,174,819	\$	15,198,056	\$	88,372,875
LIABILITIES						
Accrued liabilities	\$	31,288,570	\$	4,480,601	\$	35,769,171
Unearned revenue		452,860		-		452,860
Total Liabilities		31,741,430		4,480,601		36,222,031
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		1,358,368		132,901		1,491,269
Restricted		14,228,856		8,111,634		22,340,490
Committed		-		2,472,920		2,472,920
Assigned		18,757,267		-		18,757,267
Unassigned		7,088,898		-		7,088,898
Total Fund Balances		41,433,389		10,717,455		52,150,844
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	73,174,819	\$	15,198,056	\$	88,372,875

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT

JUNE 30, 2014

OF NET POSITION

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 52,150,844
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:		
Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation: Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 424,869,083 (135,673,401)	289,195,682
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:		(186,974)
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:		
Total general obligation bonds Certificates of participation Capital leases Compensated absences Postemployment benefits Net OPEB obligation	\$ 75,208,046 25,670,000 1,133,818 2,403,087 5,714 14,157,155	(118,577,820)
Internal service funds: Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets and liabilities of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service funds is:		2,568,274

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

225,150,006

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	G	eneral Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES					
LCFF sources	\$	178,863,078	\$ -	\$	178,863,078
Federal sources		24,047,405	13,453,316		37,500,721
Other state sources		34,482,167	3,682,218		38,164,385
Other local sources		1,670,587	8,112,554		9,783,141
Total Revenues		239,063,237	25,248,088		264,311,325
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction		148,283,299	2,434,063		150,717,362
Instruction-related services					
Instructional supervision and administration		6,597,688	283,453		6,881,141
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,783,175	-		1,783,175
School site administration		11,973,577	314,819		12,288,396
Pupil services					
Home-to-school transportation		4,648,819	-		4,648,819
Food services		-	13,079,027		13,079,027
All other pupil services		11,557,845	11,353		11,569,198
General administration					
Centralized data processing		1,895,112	-		1,895,112
All other general administration		13,473,608	793,022		14,266,630
Plant services		29,475,520	346,094		29,821,614
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		-	2,722,188		2,722,188
Ancillary services		1,315,027	-		1,315,027
Transfers to other agencies		4,349,857	-		4,349,857
Debt service					
Principal		1,005,000	8,280,484		9,285,484
Interest and other		1,127,483	1,151,132		2,278,615
Total Expenditures		237,486,010	29,415,635		266,901,645
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					_
Over Expenditures		1,577,227	(4,167,547)		(2,590,320)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					_
Transfers in		-	4,400,000		4,400,000
Transfers out		(4,400,000)	-		(4,400,000)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(4,400,000)	4,400,000		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(2,822,773)	232,453		(2,590,320)
Fund Balance - Beginning		44,256,162	10,485,002		54,741,164
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	41,433,389	\$ 10,717,455	\$	52,150,844

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Not Change	in Fund Ral	ances - Governm	antal Funde
Ner Change	in runa bai	ances - Covernm	ental runus

\$ (2,590,320)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay:

Depreciation expense:

5 2,816,448 (8,710,406)

(5,893,958)

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

9,285,484

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

39,831

Accreted interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(2,883,420)

Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(330,652)

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued

Other expenditures relating to prior periods:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Certain expenditures recognized in governmental funds relate to prior periods. Typical examples are payments on structured legal settlements or retirement incentives paid over time. These expenditures are recognized in the government-wide statement of activities in the period in which the obligations were first incurred, so they must not be recognized again in the current period. Expenditures relating to prior periods were:

8,443

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB costs and actual employer contributions was:

(2,207,693)

Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

480,328

Internal Service Funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:

(5,479,575)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (9,571,532)

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,525,249	
Accounts receivable		116,492	
Total current assets		20,641,741	
Total Assets		20,641,741	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accrued liabilities	,	843,478	
Total current liabilities		843,478	
Non-current liabilities		17,229,989	
Total Liabilities		18,073,467	
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted		2,568,274	
Total Net Position	\$	2,568,274	

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund	
OPERATING REVENUE		_
Charges to other funds	\$	4,064,207
Total operating revenues		4,064,207
OPERATING EXPENSE		
Salaries and benefits		423,436
Supplies and materials		7,659
Professional services		9,234,479
Total operating expenses		9,665,574
Operating income/(loss)		(5,601,367)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)		
Interest income		121,792
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)		121,792
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(5,479,575)
Net Position - Beginning		8,047,849
Net Position - Ending	\$	2,568,274

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Governmental Activities	
	Interr	al Service Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash received (paid) from assessments made to			
(from) other funds	\$	3,990,095	
Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs		(8,413,688)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(4,423,593)	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received		121,792	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		121,792	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(4,301,801)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Beginning of year		24,827,050	
End of year	\$	20,525,249	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash			
provided by (used for) operating activities			
Operating income (loss)	\$	(5,601,367)	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(74,112)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		424,699	
Increase (decrease) in claims liabilities		827,187	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(4,423,593)	

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Trust Funds		Agency Funds			
	Private-Purpose Trust Fund		Warrant/Pass- through Fund		Student Body Fund	
ASSETS						_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	83,353	\$	-	\$	100,536
Accounts receivable		292		-		-
Prepaid expenses		-		2,464,439		-
Total Assets		83,645	\$	2,464,439	\$	100,536
LIABILITIES						
Deficit cash		-	\$	2,464,439	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		3,153
Due to student groups		-		-		97,383
Total Liabilities		-	\$	2,464,439	\$	100,536
NET POSITION						
Unrestricted		83,645				
Total Net Position	\$	83,645				

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Trust Funds Private-Purpose		
	Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS			
Investment earnings	\$	529	
Total Additions		529	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		529	
Net Position - Beginning		83,116	
Net Position - Ending	\$	83,645	

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Compton Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its proprietary and fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund. The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Adult Education Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues for adult education programs. Money in this fund shall be expended for adult education purposes only. Moneys received for programs other than adult education shall not be expended for adult education (*Education Code Sections* 52616[b] and 52501.5[a]).

Child Development Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (*Education Code Section 8200 et seq.*) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services shall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section 8328*).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Special Revenue Funds (continued)

Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

Deferred Maintenance Fund: This fund is used to account separately for state apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code Sections* 17582–17587). In addition, whenever the state funds provided pursuant to *Education Code Sections* 17584 and 17585 (apportionments from the State Allocation Board) are insufficient to fully match the local funds deposited in this fund, the governing board of a school district may transfer the excess local funds deposited in this fund to any other expenditure classifications in other funds of the District (*Education Code Sections* 17582 and 17583).

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

State School Building Lease-Purchase Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for state apportionments for the reconstruction, remodeling, or replacing of existing school buildings or the acquisition of new school sites and buildings, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene State School Building Lease-Purchase Law of 1976 (*Education Code* Section 17000 et seq.).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Capital Project Funds (continued):

County School Facilities Fund: This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code Section* 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code Section* 17070 et seq.).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

Debt Service Funds: Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

Tax Override Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of voted indebtedness (other than Bond Interest and Redemption Fund repayments) to be financed from ad valorem tax levies. An example is a public school building loan repayment.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds: Internal service funds are created principally to render services to other organizational units of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds are designed to be self-supporting with the intent of full recovery of costs, including some measure of the cost of capital assets, through user fees and charges.

Self-Insurance Fund: Self-insurance funds are used to separate moneys received for self-insurance activities from other operating funds of the District. Separate funds may be established for each type of self-insurance activity, such as workers' compensation, health and welfare, and deductible property loss (*Education Code Section* 17566).

Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds: Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

Foundation Private-Purpose Trust Fund: This fund is used to account separately for gifts or bequests per *Education Code Section* 41031 that benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments and under which neither principal nor income may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs.

Student Body Fund: The Student Body Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections* 48930–48938).

Warrant/Pass-Through Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for amounts collected from employees for federal taxes, state taxes, transfers to credit unions, and other contributions.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Financial Statements

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to other funds for self insurance costs. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the costs of insurance premiums and claims related to self-insurance.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursements grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions (continued)

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash held in the county treasury is recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$15,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Vehicles

Estimated Useful Life

20-50 years 5-20 years 8 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 65 – In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 65 for the year ended June 30, 2014.

GASB Statement No. 68 – In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 71 – In November 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. This standard seeks to clarify certain implementation issues related to amounts that are deferred and amortized at the time GASB 68 is first adopted. It applies to situations in which the measurement date of an actuarial valuation differs from the government's fiscal year. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

						Total	
	G	overnmental	In	ternal Service	G	overnmental	Fiduciary
		Funds		Funds		Activities	 Funds
Cash in county	\$	40,539,053	\$	19,675,249	\$	60,214,302	\$ 83,353
Cash on hand and in banks		-		-		-	100,536
Cash with fiscal agent		969,997		850,000		1,819,997	-
Cash in revolving fund		150,000		-		150,000	 -
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	41,659,050	\$	20,525,249	\$	62,184,299	\$ 183,889

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Los Angeles County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

Cash with Fiscal Agent – Cash with fiscal agent consists of \$969,997 held with Bank of New York for the District's certificates of participation and \$850,000 held with Union Bank for workers' compensation.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$60,033,109 and an amortized book value of \$60,297,655. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 741 days.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2014, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were not rated.

F. <u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u>

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2014, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2014 consisted of the following:

			Non-Major Sovernmental	Total Internal Service Governmental								
	Ge	eneral Fund	Funds		Funds		Activities		al Fiduciary			
Federal Government												
Categorical aid	\$	10,355,645	\$ 3,244,972	\$	-	\$	13,600,617	\$	-			
State Government												
Apportionment		24,240,649	-		-		24,240,649		-			
Categorical aid		5,378,545	1,487,346		-		6,865,891		-			
Lottery		1,201,645	-		-		1,201,645		-			
Local Government												
Other local sources		179,306	123,340		116,492		419,138		292			
Total	\$	41,355,790	\$ 4,855,658	\$	116,492	\$	46,327,940	\$	292			

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

		Balance					Balance
	Jı	aly 01, 2013	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2014		ne 30, 2014
Governmental Activities							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	6,693,026	\$ - 9	\$	-	\$	6,693,026
Construction in progress		-	=		-		-
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		6,693,026	-		-		6,693,026
Capital assets being depreciated							
Land improvements		7,700,880	-		-		7,700,880
Buildings & improvements		386,950,527	2,722,188		-		389,672,715
Furniture & equipment		20,708,202	94,260		-		20,802,462
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		415,359,609	2,816,448		-		418,176,057
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
Land improvements		5,011,604	232,677		-		5,244,281
Buildings & improvements		102,222,454	8,255,681		-		110,478,135
Furniture & equipment		19,728,937	222,048		-		19,950,985
Total Accumulated Depreciation		126,962,995	8,710,406		-		135,673,401
Governmental Activities						•	
Capital Assets, net	\$	295,089,640	\$ (5,893,958)	\$	-	\$	289,195,682

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Operating Transfers

		Interfund Transfers In					
		on-Major vernmental					
Interfund Transfers Out	Funds						
General Fund	\$	4,400,000	\$	4,400,000			
Total Interfund Transfers	\$	4,400,000	\$	4,400,000			
Transfer from the General Fund to the Adult Education Fund as p	oart of Tier III flexil	oility.	\$	800,000			
Transfer from the General Fund to the Deferred Maintenance Fun	d as part of Tier II	I flexibility.		3,600,000			
Total			\$	4,400,000			

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2014 consisted of the following:

		Non-Major						Total						
			G	Governmental Internal Service				Governmental						
	G	eneral Fund		Funds		Funds	District-Wide			Activities	Total Fiduciary			
Payroll	\$	20,886,212	\$	2,925,784	\$	61,693	\$	-	\$	23,873,689	\$	=		
Construction		=		926,851		-		-		926,851		-		
Vendors payable		10,396,428		626,777		781,785		-		11,804,990		3,153		
Unmatured interest		-		-		-		186,974		186,974		-		
Other liabilities		5,930		1,189		=		-		7,119				
Total	\$	31,288,570	\$	4,480,601	\$	843,478	\$	186,974	\$	36,799,623	\$	3,153		

NOTE 7 – CURRENT LOANS

On February 28, 2013, the District issued \$10,000,000 in Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes bearing interest at 2.00 percent. The notes were issued to supplement cash flows. Interest and principal were due and payable on December 31, 2013. By June 30, 2014, the District had paid off the notes.

NOTE 8 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

	Ger	General Fund						
Federal sources	\$	176,751						
State categorical sources		276,109						
Total	\$	452,860						

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014 consisted of the following:

		Balance					Balance		Balance Due	
	J	July 01, 2013		Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2014			In One Year	
Governmental Activities										
General obligation bonds	\$	54,955,195	\$	-	\$ 4,224,533	\$	50,730,662	\$	2,724,644	
Unamortized premium		5,085,109		-	480,328		4,604,781		480,328	
Accreted interest		20,014,650		2,883,420	3,025,467		19,872,603		3,800,356	
Total general obligation bonds		80,054,954		2,883,420	7,730,328		75,208,046		7,005,328	
Certificates of participation		27,175,000		-	1,505,000		25,670,000		1,565,000	
Capital leases		1,664,302		-	530,484		1,133,818		554,408	
Compensated absences		2,072,435		330,652	-		2,403,087		-	
Postemployment benefits		14,157		-	8,443		5,714		5,714	
Net OPEB obligation		11,949,462		2,207,693	-		14,157,155		-	
Total	\$	122,930,310	\$	5,421,765	\$ 9,774,255	\$	118,577,820	\$	9,130,450	

A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2014 amounted to \$2,403,087. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

B. <u>Certificates of Participation</u>

On December 8, 2004, the District issued Series B Certificates of Participation amounting to \$11,045,000 payable in annual installments from October 1, 2005 through October 1, 2024. Interest rates range from 2.00 to 5.00 percent, payable beginning April 15, 2005. The agreement is between the District and the County Schools Regionalized Business Services Corporation with the Los Angeles U.S. Bank as trustee. Amounts on deposit in the Project Fund and the Costs of Delivery Fund shall be applied to pay project costs and costs of delivery. At June 30, 2014, the principal outstanding was \$7,050,000.

On June 1, 2007, the District issued Series B Certificates of Participation to \$25,000,000 payable in annual installments from June 1, 2008 through June 1, 2027. Interest rates range from 3.6 to 5.0 percent, payable beginning December 1, 2007. The agreement is between the District and the County Schools Regionalized Business Services Corporation with the Bank of New York as trustee. Amounts on deposit in the Project Fund shall be applied to finance the modernization and rehabilitation of approximately 28 different schools on sites within the boundaries of Compton Unified School District. At June 30, 2014, the principal outstanding was \$18,620,000.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

B. Certificates of Participation (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all certificates of participation outstanding at June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest		Total
2015	\$ 1,565,000	\$	1,214,494	\$ 2,779,494
2016	1,645,000		1,140,894	2,785,894
2017	1,720,000		1,063,644	2,783,644
2018	1,800,000		982,844	2,782,844
2019	1,890,000		897,766	2,787,766
2020 - 2024	10,885,000		3,020,369	13,905,369
2025 - 2027	6,165,000		538,100	6,703,100
Total	\$ 25,670,000	\$	8,858,111	\$ 34,528,111

C. General Obligation Bonds

In the November 2002 election, the citizens of the District approved the issuance and sale of not more than \$80,000,000 of general obligation bonds to finance the construction, improvement, equipping and furnishing of various capital facilities of the District. Under such voters' authorization, there have been two bond issuances (Series A and Series B) with terms summarized as follows:

		Series A	Series B
Amount of original issuance	\$	40,000,000	\$ 20,000,000
Date of issuance	Ma	arch 12, 2003	June 22, 2004
Years of maturity	2	2003 - 2027	2005 - 2029

In June 2006, the District issued \$19,999,970 in General Obligation Series C Bonds and \$50,789,740 in General Obligation Series D Bonds to finance the acquisition and improvement of various capital facilities of the District, advance refund on a current basis all outstanding Certificates of Participation Series B amounting to \$19,380,000, and partially refund \$34,445,000 of outstanding 2002 Series A general obligation bonds and \$14,955,000 of outstanding 2002 Series B general obligation bonds. Terms of the Series C and Series D bonds are summarized as follows:

	 Series C	Series D
Amount of original issuance	\$ 19,999,970	\$ 50,789,740
Date of issuance	June 1, 2006	June 1, 2006
Years of maturity	2006 - 2031	2006 - 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

C. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

Debt service payments are made from property tax levy authorized by the voters. The annual requirements to amortize these bonds and the remaining outstanding balance of 2002 Series A and B bonds are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal*	Interest	Total		
2015	\$ 2,724,644	\$ 4,500,356	\$	7,225,000	
2016	4,347,396	3,237,604		7,585,000	
2017	4,276,211	3,568,789		7,845,000	
2018	4,142,247	3,852,753		7,995,000	
2019	3,980,669	4,134,331		8,115,000	
2020 - 2024	13,981,069	19,398,928		33,379,997	
2025 - 2029	9,938,426	9,804,074		19,742,500	
2030 - 2031	 7,340,000	555,000		7,895,000	
Total	\$ 50,730,662	\$ 49,051,835	\$	99,782,497	

^{*} Principal excludes accreted interest of \$19,872,603.

D. Capital Leases

The District entered into various capital leases with options to purchase, primarily equipment and temporary facilities, with semi-annual payments in May and November of each year, with principal maturing through 2016. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Lea	se Payment
2015	\$	598,862
2016		598,862
Total minimum lease payments		1,197,724
Less amount representing interest		(63,906)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	1,133,818

E. Postemployment Benefits

In November 1992, the District offered a retirement bonus to full-time certificated employees retiring on or after November 1, 1992, with a minimum of 20 years full-time paid service, retiring between their 55th and 65th birthday; and to full-time certificated employees who retired between July 1, 1989, and October 1, 1992, with a minimum of 11 years full-time paid service, retiring between their 55th and 65th birthday. From the retiree's 55th to 65th birthday, the District will pay the retiree an annual bonus of \$1,388 payable quarterly. From the retiree's 65th to 68th birthday, the District will pay the retiree an annual bonus of \$688, payable quarterly. The retirement bonus will cease after the retiree's 68th birthday.

The total post-employment benefits payable at June 30, 2014 amounted to \$5,714.

NOTE 10 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2014:

				n-Major rnmental	Total Governmental		
	General Fund		F	unds	Funds		
Non-spendable							
Revolving cash	\$	150,000	\$	-	\$	150,000	
Stores inventory		369,476		132,901		502,377	
All others		838,892		-		838,892	
Total non-spendable		1,358,368		132,901		1,491,269	
Restricted							
Educational programs		14,228,856		3,471		14,232,327	
Capital projects		-		3,530,158		3,530,158	
Debt service		-		2,125,361		2,125,361	
All others		-		2,452,644		2,452,644	
Total restricted		14,228,856		8,111,634		22,340,490	
Committed							
Deferred maintenance		-		2,433,624		2,433,624	
Adult education		-		33,873		33,873	
Other commitments		-		5,423		5,423	
Total committed		-		2,472,920		2,472,920	
Assigned							
Reserve for future obligations		18,757,267		-		18,757,267	
Total assigned		18,757,267		-		18,757,267	
Unassigned							
Reserve for economic uncertainties		7,088,898		-		7,088,898	
Total unassigned		7,088,898		-		7,088,898	
Total	\$	41,433,389	\$	10,717,455	\$	52,150,844	

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 3 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description and Contribution Information

The District provides medical, dental and vision benefits to retirees and their covered eligible dependents. The District pays a portion of the medical costs for eligible retirees only. Retirees must pay the entire cost for dental, vision, and dependent medical benefits. All active employees who retire directly from the District and meet the eligibility criteria may participate.

Membership of the plan consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	435
Active plan members	2,333
Total*	2,768
	<u> </u>

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B. Funding Policy

The District's contribution is currently based on a project pay-as-you-go funding method, that is, benefits are payable when due.

As of June 30, 2014, the District has not established a plan or equivalent that contains an irrevocable transfer of assets dedicated to providing benefits to retirees in accordance with the terms of the plan and that are legally protected from creditors.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 3,095,453
Interest on net OPEB obligation	477,978
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(691,038)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	2,882,393
Contributions made	(674,700)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	2,207,693
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of the year	 11,949,462
Net OPEB obligation, end of the year	\$ 14,157,155

Number of participating employers

^{*}As of July 1, 2013 actuarial study

NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (continued)

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2014 and the preceding two years were as follows:

	Annual OPEB	Percentage	Net OPEB
Year Ended June 30,	Cost	Contributed	Obligation
2014	\$ 2,882,393	23%	\$ 14,157,155
2013	\$ 2,528,360	27%	\$ 11,949,462
2012	\$ 2,558,671	21%	\$ 10,094,066

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of the most recent actuarial evaluation consists of the following:

			Actuarial				
Actuarial			Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	Actuarial Valuat	tion	Liability	AAL		Covered	Percentage of
Date	of Assets		(AAL)	(UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
July 1, 20	13 \$	- \$	27,039,808	\$ 27,039,808	0% \$	139,876,101	19%

E. Funded Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date	7/1/2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level-dollar basis
Remaining Amortization Period	30
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	4.0%
Discount rate	4.0%
Health care trend rate	5.0% - 8.0%

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NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd.; Sacramento, CA 95826.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary for fiscal year 2014 and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2014 was 8.25% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. The District's contributions to CalSTRS for the last three fiscal years were as follows:

			Percent of Required
	Co	ntribution	Contribution
2013-14	\$	8,413,273	100%
2012-13	\$	8,224,935	100%
2011-12	\$	8,860,948	100%

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$5,589,381 to CalSTRS (5.204% of 2011-12 creditable compensation subject to CalSTRS).

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street; Sacramento, CA 95811.

Funding Policy

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013 are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 6.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2014 was 11.442% of annual payroll. The District's contributions to CalPERS for the last three fiscal years were as follows:

			Percent of Required
	Co	ntribution	Contribution
2013-14	\$	4,944,902	100%
2012-13	\$	4,893,828	100%
2011-12	\$	4,838,892	100%

NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2014.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2014.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2014, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects of \$145,293.

NOTE 14 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District participates in two joint ventures under joint powers agreements (JPAs); the Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (SCR), and the Schools' Excess Liability Fund (SELF). The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements. However, fund transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. The audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

NOTE 15 - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The beginning net position of Governmental Activities has been restated in order to reflect the elimination of amortization of debt issuance costs in accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. The effect on beginning net position is presented as follows:

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	Activities
\$	235,978,499
	(1,256,961)
\$	234,721,538
	\$

Covernmental

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual*	Variances -	
		Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Final to Actual	
REVENUES						
LCFF sources	\$	127,270,474 \$	175,907,397	\$ 178,863,078	\$ 2,955,681	
Federal sources		21,438,951	23,826,931	24,047,405	220,474	
Other state sources		66,738,253	31,157,563	28,892,786	(2,264,777)	
Other local sources		1,200,000	1,222,500	1,670,587	448,087	
Total Revenues		216,647,678	232,114,391	233,473,856	1,359,465	
EXPENDITURES						
Certificated salaries		100,499,695	101,623,377	103,207,493	(1,584,116)	
Classified salaries		34,968,283	34,985,215	34,795,313	189,902	
Employee benefits		33,858,543	35,724,089	35,142,647	581,442	
Books and supplies		8,871,268	13,331,044	14,452,657	(1,121,613)	
Services and other operating expenditures		32,949,128	36,364,258	38,683,275	(2,319,017)	
Capital outlay		-	75,000	94,259	(19,259)	
Other outgo						
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		8,682,378	8,682,378	6,314,007	2,368,371	
Transfers of indirect costs		(753,178)	(753,178)	(793,022)	39,844	
Total Expenditures		219,076,117	230,032,183	231,896,629	(1,864,446)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(2,428,439)	2,082,208	1,577,227	(504,981)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out		(2,667,825)	(4,400,000)	(4,400,000)	-	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,667,825)	(4,400,000)	(4,400,000)	-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(5,096,264)	(2,317,792)	(2,822,773)	(504,981)	
Fund Balance - Beginning		44,256,162	44,256,162	44,256,162		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	39,159,898 \$	41,938,370	\$ 41,433,389	\$ (504,981)	

^{*} The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

[•] On behalf payments of \$5,589,381 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

				Actuarial				
Actuarial				Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	Actuarial Valuat	ion	l	Liability	AAL		Covered	Percentage of
Date	of Assets			(AAL)	(UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
July 1, 2013	3 \$	-	\$	27,039,808	\$ 27,039,808	0%	\$ 139,876,101	19%
July 1, 2011	1 \$	-	\$	21,598,646	\$ 21,598,646	0%	\$ 144,833,489	15%
July 1, 2009	\$	_	\$	21,530,631	\$ 21,530,631	0%	\$ 163,794,208	13%

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Funding Progress

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 45 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The schedule presents, for the most recent actuarial valuation and the two preceding valuations, information about the funding progress of the plan, including, for each valuation, the actuarial valuation date, the actuarial value of assets, the actuarial accrued liability, the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess), the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (funded ratio), the annual covered payroll, and the ratio of the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) to annual covered payroll.

NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

	Expenditures and Other Uses						
		Budget	Actual			Excess	
General Fund							
Certificated salaries	\$	101,623,377	\$	103,207,493	\$	1,584,116	
Books and supplies	\$	13,331,044	\$	14,452,657	\$	1,121,613	
Services and other operating expenditures	\$	36,364,258	\$	38,683,275	\$	2,319,017	
Capital outlay	\$	75,000	\$	94,259	\$	19,259	

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:		Tuentifying Tuniber	Experiences
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 13,850,521
Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education	84.002A	13978	28,400
Adult Education: English Literacy and Civics Education	84.002A	14109	2,873
Adult Education: Adult Basic Education and ESL	84.002A	14508	23,695
Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality	84.367A	14341	2,391,686
Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program	84.365	14346	651,688
Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community Learning Centers Program	84.287	14681	448,286
Department of Rehab: Workability II, Transition Partnership	84.158	10006	191,265
Special Education Cluster	0 2120 0		,
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	4,295,430
IDEA Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	14468	186,685
Part B, Preschool Grants	84.173	13430	69,861
IDEA Preschool Local Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	13682	60,258
Preschool Staff Development	84.173A	13431	1,000
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			4,613,234
IDEA Early Intervention Grants	84.181	23761	91,745
Vocational Programs: Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Section 131	84.048	14894	326,290
Vocational Programs: Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Section 132	84.048	14893	7,662
Title X, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance	84.196	14332	6,435
Passed through Napa County Office of Education:			
Special Education - State Personnel Development	84.323	*	96,840
Total U. S. Department of Education			22,730,620
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	23668	12,110
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	7,559,585
Especialy Needy Breakfast	10.553	13526	3,657,856
USDA Commodities	10.555	*	697,453
Meal Supplements	10.555	13528	306,046
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			12,233,050
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	13666	1,162,606
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			13,395,656
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			
Passed through California Department of Health Services:			
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	10013	137,445
Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services			137,445
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 36,263,721

^{* -} PCS Number not available or not applicable

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Second Period Report	Revised Second Period Report*	Annual Report
SCHOOL DISTRICT	-	•	<u> </u>
TK/K through Third			
Regular ADA	8,624.00	8,629.04	8,595.31
Extended Year Special Education	11.46	11.46	11.46
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	6.46	6.46	7.74
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.71	0.71	0.71
Total TK/K through Third	8,642.63	8,647.67	8,615.22
Fourth through Sixth			
Regular ADA	5,642.40	5,645.72	5,617.31
Extended Year Special Education	7.97	7.97	7.97
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	14.45	14.45	16.61
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.52	1.52	1.52
Total Fourth through Sixth	5,666.34	5,669.66	5,643.41
Seventh through Eighth			
Regular ADA	3,503.45	3,510.00	3,479.42
Extended Year Special Education	3.93	3.93	3.93
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	15.19	15.19	16.71
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.65	1.65	1.65
Community Day School	13.63	13.63	14.43
Total Seventh through Eighth	3,537.85	3,544.40	3,516.14
Ninth through Twelfth			
Regular ADA	5,192.08	5,202.41	5,085.62
Extended Year Special Education	13.33	13.33	13.33
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	31.61	31.61	34.68
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	4.16	4.16	4.22
Community Day School	49.29	49.29	44.98
Total Ninth through Twelfth	5,290.47	5,300.80	5,182.83
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	23,137.29	23,162.53	22,957.60

^{*} Revision is due to audit adjustments as well as District adjustments.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Minutes	Minutes Requirement	2013-14 Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Reduced	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	35,000	55,350	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	49,000	55,350	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	49,000	55,350	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	49,000	55,350	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	52,500	55,040	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	52,500	55,040	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	52,500	58,562	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	52,500	58,562	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	52,500	58,562	180	Complied
Grade 9	64,800	63,000	65,054	180	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	63,000	65,054	180	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	63,000	65,054	180	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	63,000	65,054	180	Complied

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	2	015 (Budget)	2014	2013	2012
General Fund - Budgetary Basis**					
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	244,651,917 \$	233,473,856	\$ 222,556,485 \$	229,898,549
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		251,693,885	236,296,629	230,609,787	241,253,902
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(7,041,968) \$	(2,822,773)	\$ (8,053,302) \$	(11,355,353)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	34,391,421 \$	41,433,389	\$ 44,256,162 \$	52,309,464
Available Reserves*	\$	7,550,817 \$	7,088,898	\$ 6,918,294 \$	7,840,752
Available Reserves As A					
Percentage Of Outgo		3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.25%
Long-term Debt Average Daily	\$	109,447,370 \$	118,577,820	\$ 122,930,310 \$	126,723,217
Attendance At P-2		23,384	23,163	23,208	23,395

The General Fund balance has decreased by \$10,876,075 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2014-15 budget projects a further decrease of \$7,041,968. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating deficits in each of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2014-15 fiscal year. Total long term obligations have decreased by \$8,145,397 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 232 ADA over the past two years. An increase of 221 ADA is anticipated during the 2014-15 fiscal year.

• On behalf payments of \$5,589,381 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

^{**} The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

There were no adjustments necessary to reconcile ending fund balances from the Annual Financial and Budget Report with the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2014.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and* Non-*Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2014 or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2014.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported in the		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance		\$ 37,500,721
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	(1,237,000)
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 36,263,721

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46208. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the District participated in the Longer Day incentive funding program. As of June 30, 2014, the District had not yet met its target funding. Through 2014-15, the instructional day and minute requirements have been reduced pursuant to *Education Code Section* 46201.2.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration. (Located in the front of the audit report)

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Compton Unified School District Compton, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Compton Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Compton Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Compton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Compton Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Compton Unified School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Christy White, CPA

Michael Ash, CPA

Tanya M. Rogers, CPA, CFE

John Whitehouse, CPA

Heather Rubio

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Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies. (Finding #2014-1)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Compton Unified School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Compton Unified School District's Response to Findings

Compton Unified School District's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compton Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 12, 2014

Christy White Associates



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Compton Unified School District Compton, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Compton Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Compton Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. Compton Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Compton Unified School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Compton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Compton Unified School District's compliance.

Christy White, CPA
Michael Ash, CPA

Tanya M. Rogers, CPA, CFE

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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Compton Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed other instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item #2014-2. Our opinion on each major program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Compton Unified School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. Compton Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Compton Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Compton Unified School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Compton Unified School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding #2014-2 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compton Unified School District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. Compton Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 12, 2014

Christy White Associates



REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Compton Unified School District Compton, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Compton Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K* – 12 *Local Education Agencies* 2013-14, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel that could have a direct and material effect on each of Compton Unified School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, as identified below.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Compton Unified School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K* – 12 *Local Education Agencies* 2013-14, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Compton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Compton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

Christy White, CPA

Michael Ash, CPA

Tanya M. Rogers, CPA, CFE

John Whitehouse, CPA

Heather Rubio

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State Board of Accountancy

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Compton Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items #2014-3 through #2014-5. Our opinion on state compliance is not modified with respect to these matters.

Compton Unified School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. Compton Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Procedures Performed

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Compton Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	PROCEDURES IN	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	AUDIT GUIDE	PERFORMED
Attendance Reporting	6	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	3	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	3	Yes
Independent Study	23	No
Continuation Education	10	Yes
Instructional Time for school districts	10	Yes
Instructional Materials, general requirements	8	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	1	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	1	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	4	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	1	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	3	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	8	Not Applicable
Local Control Funding Formula Certification	1	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	3	No

	PROCEDURES IN	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	AUDIT GUIDE	PERFORMED
After School Education and Safety Program:		
General requirements	4	Yes
After school	5	Yes
Before school	6	Not Applicable
Education Protection Account Funds	1	Yes
Common Core Implementation Funds	3	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	3	Yes
Contemporaneous Records of Attendance; for charter		
schools	8	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	1	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;		
for charter schools	15	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based		
Instruction; for charter schools	3	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based; for		
charter schools	4	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	1	Not Applicable

We did not perform testing for Independent Study because it was below the threshold required for testing. We did not perform testing for California Clean Energy Jobs Act, because the District did not incur expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2014.

San Diego, California December 12, 2014

Christy White Associates

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
Type of auditors' report issued:		Uı	nmodified
Internal control over financial reportin	g:		
Material weakness(es) identified?			No
Significant deficiency (ies) identified?			Yes
Non-compliance material to financial s	Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?		No
FEDERAL AWARDS			
Internal control over major program:			
Material weakness(es) identified?			No
Significant deficiency (ies) identified?		Yes	
Type of auditors' report issued:			
Any audit findings disclosed that are re	equired to be reported in accordance		
with section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?			Yes
Identification of major programs:			
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	Name of Federal Program of Cluster		
10.553, 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster		
10.558	Child and Adult Care Food Program		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$	1,087,912
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			Yes
STATE AWARDS			
Internal control over state programs:			
Material weaknesses identified?			No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?			Yes
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:		Unmodified	

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COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FIVE DIGIT CODE

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

20000 30000 Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

FINDING #2014-1: ASB FUNDS – VARIOUS SCHOOLS WITHIN THE DISTRICT (30000)

Criteria: Good internal controls should be in place to ensure ASB funds are properly collected, deposited and expended as part of the District's fiduciary duty.

Condition: ASB's were tested to ensure proper internal controls over student funds. Various areas of ASB's financial processes were tested including the cash receipt and disbursement process.

Cause: Lack of training and/or adherence to district policy on ASB accounting.

Effect: Possible misstatements of student body funds.

Perspective:

Centennial HS

The site was selected for testing as a follow-up to prior year testing, as a result of audit report findings. The following deficiencies remain unresolved and will rollover from the prior year:

- School site is not maintain detailed cash receipt logs to track sales, fundraisers, and proceeds from events.
- Bank deposits are not made in a timely manner.

Whaley HS

The site was selected for testing as a follow-up to prior year testing, as a result of audit report findings. The following deficiencies remain unresolved and will rollover from the prior year:

- No tally or collection sheets were being used.
- Duties were not adequately segregated in the cash collection cycle.
- Lack of physical controls over cash.

Cesar Chavez Continuation HS

- During the course of the school year, the ASB advisor was fired on January from her teaching position at
 the school. Due to this all documents such as minutes, deposits, check requests, and all other supporting
 documentation was lost. Per inquiry with Yvonne Smith, she emailed the teacher asking for the location of
 the missing documents but did not receive a response from the previous ASB advisor and she also looked
 for the documents in her classroom but did not find any.
- Pre numbered check receipts are not used.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FINDING #2014-1: ASB FUNDS - VARIOUS SCHOOLS WITHIN THE DISTRICT (30000) (continued)

Walton MS

- Financial statements are not prepared.
- A budget is not prepared or adopted by Student Council.
- School site is not maintain detailed cash receipt logs to track sales, fundraisers, and proceeds from events. Eleven (11) out of 11 cash receipts selections could not be accurately traced from receipt to deposit.
- Bank deposits are not made in a timely manner.
- Instances noted in which checks were drawn to cash.
- Evidence of receipt of goods is lacking for two (2) out of 8 checks selected for testing.
- Seven (7) out of 8 checks selected for testing did not have documentation of proper requisition, with two (2) of these selections not having documentation of proper approval.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District provide training to the ASB staff and implement controls to address the internal control deficiencies noted above. Internal controls should be implemented to minimize the possibility for waste or abuse of ASB resources.

We also recommend that the business office consider taking over the financial reporting responsibilities of all ASB accounts at the school sites. This will include preparing monthly bank reconciliations and monthly financial statements and could include writing all checks and ensuring deposits are supported by appropriate cash receipts. ASB's that grossly fail to comply with district policies and procedures should be sanctioned.

District Response: The District is providing training to all ASB staff twice a year. In effort to prevent these findings from re-occurring, the Director of Budgeting and Accounting will be randomly visiting each site throughout the school year to assist with any compliance issues. In addition, there is discussion regarding the Fiscal Service Department taking over the financial responsibilities of all ASB accounts as per the audit recommendation for fiscal year 15-16.

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Federal Compliance

FINDING 2014-2: FREE AND REDUCED MEAL VERIFICATIONS AND APPLICATIONS (50000)

Program Title/ Area: Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA 10.553-10.555), Passed through the California Department of Education

Criteria: Determination of free and reduced price meal eligibility for the Child Nutrition Cluster should follow free and reduced meal income eligibility sampling guidelines outlined in 7 CFR 245. Students selected for eligibility test and found to differ from the original application, should be updated within the child nutrition system.

In addition, the students' original application did not agree to the Child Nutrition System. Students who applied for the free and reduced meals did not carry the same status within the system.

Condition: The District sent out the first letter for meal verifications. Second letters were not sent and no documentation on support was retained by the District.

Perspective: 4 of 120 students tested did not have a meal status which agreed to their original application.

Cause: Procedures for meal verifications and applications were not consistently followed by the District Food Services Department and personnel.

Questioned Costs: No questioned costs because the value of the meals is negligible.

Effect: Students participating in the National School Lunch Program may be ineligible due to not meeting the income requirements based on their original application or through the verification process.

Recommendations: District should implement procedures to conduct meal verifications and update the system as required.

District Response: The Child Nutrition Services Department has purchased new software to assist with identifying students from eligible households. The software called "One Source" randomly selects 3% of eligible households on file by October 1. Then staff notifies each household by mail at least twice of their need to comply with notification before their child is moved to "paid "status. All verifications and system updates are completed by November 15. The District is confident that the implementation of the new software and procedures will prevent this finding from re-occurring.

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
41000	CalSTRS
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

FINDING 2014-3: ATTENDANCE REPORTING (10000)

Criteria: The P-2 Attendance Report should tie to supporting documentation per Education Code Section 41601. Auditors are required to verify compliance in Section 19817.2 of the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies*.

Condition: The District's P-2 Attendance Report did not match supporting documentation.

Context: The following issue was found:

P-2 Attendance Reporting

- Line A-1: There was a miscalculation on the P-2 for Line A-1 9-12).
 - o The discrepancy on Line A-1 for Grades 9-12 was due to the omission of opportunity school total of 13.12. The correct total should be 5,211.20 instead of 5,198.08.

Cause: Discrepancy was due to clerical errors.

Effect: Misstatement of ADA on the P-2 attendance report.

ADA Impact: The District's P-2 Report was understated by 13.12 ADA for Grades 9-12.

Questioned Cost: The District's base grant ADA rate for grades 9-12 is \$8,638. Therefore, the understatement of 13.12 ADA equals an amount due to the District of approximately \$113,331.

FINDING 2014-3: ATTENDANCE REPORTING (10000) (continued)

Recommendation: We recommend implementation of internal controls to ensure accuracy of attendance reporting.

District Response: The District has implemented the following procedures to ensure the accuracy of attendance reporting:

- 1. Collect data from the school sites two (2) weeks in advance.
- 2. Review each individual reports collected to make sure that all programs are represented.
- 3. Import the figures in an excel spreadsheet to utilize as a "working document" and use as back-up documentation to check that all figures match the individual reports as well as use the spreadsheet to check for any variances and catch any errors.
- 4. Once the spreadsheet is completed then the information will be inputted into the final report.
- 5. The final report will be reviewed by three (3) staff members: Attendance Monitoring Analyst, Administrative Technician and Administrative Secretary to ensure that the final report ties to the individual site reports.
- 6. Once step the report is reviewed as noted above, then the Senior Director of Fiscal services will review the final report along with the back-up documentation (spreadsheet and individual site reports) two (2) days prior to submission to the Los Angeles County Office of Education.
- 7. The Senior Director of Fiscal Services will sign (certify) the report and submit to the Los Angeles County Office of Education.

In addition to the above, the District will continue to provide training to the staff members involved in this process through internal and external sources. The District is committed to ensuring that these errors do not repeat and is confident that it will maintain accurate attendance reporting.

FINDING #2014-4 – UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000)

Criteria: Students classified as free or reduced price meal eligible (FRPM) and who are not directly certified on the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report must have supporting documentation that indicates the student was eligible for the determination. Students that are only English Learner (EL) eligible as identified under the "ELAS Designation" column 2013-14 Audit Guide 47 February 10, 2014 and verify there is supporting documentation that indicates the student was eligible for the designation. Auditors are required to verify compliance with Education Code Section 42238.02(b)(3)(b) in Section 19849 of the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies*.

Condition: 4 of 120 students tested from the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report who were classified as free or reduced price meal eligible (FRPM) did not have proper supporting documentation to support their designation.

Cause: District was not able to provide timely supporting documentation.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with state requirements.

Context: 4 of 120 students reported as FRPM eligible did not have proper supporting documentation to support their designation.

FINDING #2014-4 – UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000) (continued)

Questioned Costs: The calculation is as follows. It only includes FRPM, as this was the only area for which there were errors.

A Errors Discovered	4
B Population Tested	120
C Error Rate (A/B)	3.33%
D Total Impacted Population	21,593
E Total Unallowed Students (C*D)	720
F Unadjusted Pupil Count	21,593
G Total Population	23,750
H Unadjusted % (F/G)	90.92%
I Adjusted Count (F-E)	20,873
J Adjusted % (I/G)	87.89%

	Unadjusted	Unadjusted	Total Errors	Adjusted	Adjusted
Schools Tested	Pupil Count	Enrollment	Found*	Pupil Count	Enrollment
Bursch Elementary	491	548	1	490	548
Compton High	1,851	2,069	2	1,849	2,069
Emerson Elementary	537	597	1	536	597
Total District (All Sites)	21,593	24,529	720	20,873	24,529

				Questioned
		Unadjusted	Adjusted	Costs
Unduplicated Pupil Percentage		90.92%	87.89%	
Base Grant Funding	\$ 179,589,319			
Supplemental Grant Funding at Target	20%	\$ 32,655,766	\$31,567,240	\$ 1,088,526
Gap Percentage for 13/14				12%
Questioned Costs for 13/14				\$ 130,623

Recommendation: We recommend implementation of internal controls to ensure accuracy CALPADS reporting.

District Response: The Child Nutrition Services Department has purchased new software to assist with identifying students from eligible households. The software called "One Source" randomly selects 3% of eligible households on file by October 1. Then staff notifies each household by mail at least twice of their need to comply with notification before their child is moved to "paid "status. All verifications and system updates are completed by November 15. The District is confident that the implementation of the new software and procedures will prevent this finding from re-occurring.

FINDING#2014-5: SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT CARD (72000)

Criteria: School Accountability Report Cards (SARCs), prepared on annual basis for each school site within the District and posted in February, should contain information regarding school facilities conditions, as indicated in the most recently prepared facility inspection tool (FIT) form developed by the Office of Public School Construction and approved by the State Allocation Board, or local evaluation instruments that meet the same criteria, as per Education Code Sections 33126(b)(8) and 17002(d).

Condition: During testing of a representative sample of SARCs, it was noted that a selection of 2012-13 SARCs the following issues regarding facilities conditions.

- Six (6) schools (Carver Elementary, King Elementary, Vanguard Learning Center, Walton Middle, Emerson Elementary, Lincoln Elementary) did not report updated information from the facility inspections done by LACOE.
- One (1) school (Compton High) had no comments on facilities from the inspection performed by LACOE.
- Two (2) schools (Laurel Elementary and Bursch Elementary) did not report updated information from facility inspections performed by the District's facilities department.

Cause: Miscommunication amongst District staff regarding timeliness of information to be reported in the SARCs. From inquiry, it appears that the Facilities Inspection Tool Forms provided by LACOE are not maintained by the Facilities Department.

Questioned Costs: Not applicable.

Perspective: Nine (9) out of 9 sites selected for SARC state compliance testing did not have facilities condition information reported in the SARC, as of December 2014.

Effect: The 2012-13 School Accountability Report Cards published and tested in 2013-14 could not be determined to be accurate.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District implement a process to accurately compile information included in the most recently prepared FITs and provide guidance to the Facilities Department to designate a person and location to file the Facilities Inspection Tool results provided by Los Angeles County Office of Education.

District Response: The Fiscal Services Department has contacted the Los Angeles County Office of Education and now is included as recipient of the FIT reports. In addition, the Business Service Department will assist the Facilities Department in designating a point person responsible for filing and maintaining all FIT reports provided by Los Angeles County Office of Education and the District. The District is confident with all three departments involved this finding will not re-occur.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FINDING #2013-1: ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (ASB) (30000)

Criteria: Proper internal controls are necessary to ensure the safeguard over the Associated Student Body (ASB) assets. Maintaining sound internal control procedures over cash receipts, cash disbursements, bank reconciliations and minutes of council meetings reduces the opportunity for irregularities to go undetected. The Fiscal Crisis & Management Assistance Team (FCMAT) Associated Student Body Accounting Manual & Desk Reference outlines proper internal control procedures for associated student body accounts to follow.

Condition: Through our testing of the school site ASB accounts, we noted the following internal control deficiencies:

Whaley Middle School

- No tally or collection sheets were being used
- Duties were not adequately segregated in the cash collection cycle
- Lack of physical controls over cash

Centennial High School

- General ledger is not maintained
- 1 instance where the W-9 was not obtained for independent contractor
- 7 instances noted where no cash receipt logs are being used
- 10 instances noted where no pre-numbered cash receipts are being used
- 3 instances noted where bank deposit are not made timely
 - o 1 was noted to not have a deposit slip
 - o 1 was noted to have the deposit made prior to collection (most likely clerical error)
 - o 1 was noted to have a deposit greater than 10 days after the event
- 1 instance without an ASB officers signature present on a requisition
- 1 disbursement did not have a purchase requisition
- 5 disbursements were noted to not have a check copy for support

Cause: Insufficient controls over student body activities.

Effect: The potential for irregularities in accounting to go undetected.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FINDING #2013-1: ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (ASB) (30000) (continued)

Perspective: We audited four ASBs at the school sites selected for testing in fiscal year 2012-13. Our audit included an evaluation of internal control procedures over: cash disbursements, cash receipts, and ASB organization.

Recommendation: The District should provide each student body account clerk with the latest FCMAT Associated Student Body Accounting Manual & Desk Reference and reinforce the need for sound internal control procedures to be implemented.

District Response: The District's Fiscal Services Department will conduct ASB workshops twice a year with all ASB staff to provide additional training regarding policies and procedures.

Current Status: Partially Implemented, See Finding #2014-1.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FINDING #2013-2: CLASS SIZE REDUCTION (40000)

Criteria: Pursuant to Education Code Sections 52120-52128.5, the District received Class Size Reduction Program funding. Auditors are required to verify compliance in Section 19845.2 of the Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies.

Condition: The District's submitted claim form (J-7 CSR) did not agree to the support from the AERIES attendance system as follows:

Questioned Costs: The District underreported the number of classes, resulting in an additional \$19,278 that the District is entitled to claim. The District has revised the form J-7 CSR to the correct amount.

Cause: Errors were made in transferring data from the AERIES attendance system into an excel spreadsheet used to fill out the form J-7 CSR.

Effect: The District is out of compliance with the State's requirements regarding class size reduction. However, the District has since implemented procedures to ensure that the errors will not occur in the future. Also, the District has re-submitted the form I-7 CSR so there is no effect going forward.

Perspective: Review of the underlying calculation behind the District's form J-7 CSR.

Recommendation: The District should review the form J-7 CSR to ensure that the numbers reported agree to the AERIES attendance system.

District Response: The Attendance System Analyst and the new Administrative Technician will review all data and formula calculation to ensure all information is accurate before submission of form J-7 CSR.

Current Status: Implemented.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FINDING #2013-3: ATTENDANCE REPORTING (10000)

Criteria: The average daily attendance (ADA) reported on the District's attendance reports submitted to the California Department of Education (CDE) should agree to the supporting summaries of attendance per Education Code Section 46000 et seq. Auditors are required to verify compliance per Section 19817.2 of the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K - 12 Local Educational Agencies*.

Condition: During our testing of the Annual report of attendance submitted to CDE, it was noted that the amount reported for grades 9-12 was overstated by 3 ADA.

Cause: Error in the total formula on the District's attendance summary.

Effect: Overreporting of 3 ADA for grades 9-12 on the Annual report of attendance.

Questioned Costs: The District's 2012-13 Annual report of attendance was overstated by 3 ADA, however, funding is determined using the Second Principal report of attendance which was correctly reported. No questioned costs.

Recommendation: During the audit, we recommended the District revise their Annual report of attendance to account for the overstatement in grades 9-12.

District Response: The District has revised their annual attendance report to account for the overstatement in grades 9-12. In addition, the District has added additional staffing in an effort to ensure the accuracy of attendance reporting in the future.

Current Status: Not implemented, see Finding #2014-3.

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